

STILL STRUGGLING

Over the County Salary Schedule Question.

Citizens' League Experts Show an Increase of Ten Thousand Dollars a Year.

Deputy Wood, on the Other Hand, Reads Figures Showing an Aggregate Saving of Fifteen Hundred a Year.

By Telegram to the Times.

SACRAMENTO, March 7.—(Special Dispatch.) It appeared to be a case of Greek meet Greek when G. J. Griffith and Expert R. A. Bird of the Citizens' League experts presented their arguments against the salary schedule of the County Government Bill this morning.

Expert Bird had based his data as to the "present cost" of running the county offices on the pay-roll of December, 1894, while Deputies Varcoe and Wood had prepared their schedule for the delegation on the basis of salaries actually paid at the present time. It therefore became necessary for these experts to hold a joint conference to prepare an agreed statement, if that were possible, but even then each side determined to rest on its own figures. The delegation has all along favored the principle that the board of supervisors should fix salaries, but it has been content to recognize the fact that by decision of the Supreme Court this task devolves upon the Legislature. At the close of the morning meeting, however, Mr. Griffith's motion that the delegation should accept as a basis for any further rearrangement of salaries which experts might decide upon the pay now allowed by supervisors, if such pay comes within the law, was adopted. This was the only change that was made.

At a meeting this morning Senator Simpson, chairman, said the only question before the delegation was whether or not to increase salaries or not, and that only figures on that point could be heard in the limited time at their command. Mr. Griffith was allowed, however, on motion of Senator Matthews, to read a petition for the reduction of salaries of county deputies, signed by some of the most influential business men of Los Angeles.

Expert Bird then read his statement of salaries as "now paid" by the county, and those recommended by the Citizens' League. He said he based his statement as to salaries "now paid" upon the official pay-roll of Los Angeles county for December, 1894, as that was the last complete month obtainable. This statement subsequently drew a demurrer from Deputy Wood who said he had figures up to date obtained from his own office. According to Expert Bird's figures the increased aggregate of salaries in the Sheriff's office, proposed by the delegation's schedule, is \$900 per year over the "present cost" which "present cost," as above stated, he based on the figures for December, 1894. The County Clerk's office is \$480 more than the "present cost." Recorder's office, \$240 more than the "present cost." Tax Collector's office, \$240 over the "present cost." District Attorney's office, \$300 in excess of the "present cost." School Superintendent's office, \$240 over the "present cost." Assessor's office, \$120 increase; Auditor's office, \$270 increase; Treasurer's office, \$720 increase.

As to the Surveyor's office, the comparison was made by Expert Bird with the figures for 1893. This shows an increase of \$190 per year in the delegation's schedule. These increases, which it is stated were for regular deputies alone, would make an aggregate increase of \$10,810 per year.

Expert Bird said there was practically no change in the cost of special deputies as fixed by the delegation's schedule, from cost in 1893. The expert then pointed out where the Citizens' League thought a saving could be effected in various offices by dropping some deputies or rearranging salaries, and presented a schedule which, he said, would effect a saving of over \$20,000 a year.

Deputy Auditor Wood said Mr. Varcoe and himself were not here to save or to increase salaries, but to regulate them under instructions from the heads of their departments. He said that while Expert Bird based his figures on the payroll of December, 1894, he had gone back to 1893, he (Wood) had the official figures for 1894, except as to the Assessor's office, which Mr. Summerland took away with him, and also what was actually being paid today. He then read a schedule which he had prepared showing that a saving of a great income, as claimed by Mr. Bird's figures, there would be a net decrease in the aggregate cost of running the county offices of \$14,665. As Messrs. Varcoe and Wood vouched for the correctness of their figures there appeared no way for the delegation to reconcile the differences expressed between the two experts.

This was a recommendation to reduce the apparent increase of \$720 in the Treasurer's office.

When the delegation met during recess it was decided, on motion of Mr. Huber, to give the Treasurer one chief deputy at \$15. Messrs. Griffith, Varcoe, Wood and Reid left for home this afternoon.

PRINTING BILLS.

The Senate Passes Three for Printing Constitutional Amendments.

SACRAMENTO, March 7.—SENATE.—The bill entitled an act to promote and secure freedom of speech in courts of justice, better known as the Philbrick Bill, passed by a vote of 21 to 7. Mr. McGowan argued for the bill, while Mr. Martin opposed it.

"There is already too much freedom in the courts of justice," said Mr. Martin. "If this means more room for lawyers to hound people with nonsensical innuendo and double practice, I am opposed to the bill."

The Newspaper Advertising Bill, appropriating \$48,912 to pay for advertising constitutional amendments, was passed; also the bill appropriating \$42,655 for National Guard supplies during last summer's strike; also making the golden poppy the official flower of California.

Mr. Redick Bill making ten hours a legal day's labor in saw-mills and logging-camps was killed by a vote of 20 to 20. Mr. Seawell gave notice of a reconsideration.

Mr. Smith of Kern offered a resolution to adjourn sine die on Thursday, the 14th inst. Referred to the Rules Committee.

The Fee Bill, fixing fees of all county

township and other officers, also jurors and witnesses, was passed by a vote of 23 to 6. Mr. Orin of Ventura introduced an amendment so that the law should not affect the incumbents, but the amendment was lost.

A substitute for the pending bill providing an annual tax of 10 cents on the net receipts of all fire, marine, accident or life insurance companies was offered, and after inserting an amendment by Mr. Orin, extending assessments to insurance companies, the bill was made a special order for Saturday at 3 p.m.

The bill providing for winding up the affairs of the State Viticultural Commission and turning over the property to the State University was passed after a brief debate by a vote of 22 to 1.

The bill reorganizing salaries of the police in cities of the third and fourth classes was passed by a third-time and made the special order for Friday at 3 p.m.

The constitutional amendment introduced by Mr. Hatfield of Sacramento and adopted by the Assembly, was adopted. It proposes to limit the liability of stockholders of corporations or joint stock associations and makes directors, officers, managers and stockholders liable to stockholders and creditors for any money embezzled or misappropriated by officers of the corporation.

Mr. Earl of Lancaster introduced a bill regulating the sale of real property for delinquent assessments and providing for damages incurred to street improvements. The Finance Committee reported that bills already passed carry appropriations, independent of the General Appropriation Bill, totaling \$1,350,648.

ASSEMBLY.—A spirited debate occurred this morning over the adoption of the report on hospitals, scoring the management of the Home for Adult Blind in Oakland. The report not only recommends an entire change of direction of the home, but the removal of the institution to some place in the country, with a preference to property at Santa Clara.

Messrs. Cardell and Glass of the committee urged the adoption of the report. Messrs. Dodge and North of Alameda county defended the home and said the report was greatly exaggerated and generally untrue. The report was adopted, 47 to 20.

The bill passed appropriating \$35,000 for the completion and equipment of the building for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Institute at Berkeley, also paying the claim of C. S. Merrill for \$1131 for services as stenographer during the military court which ran September 1 to 11, 1894.

The bill repealing the act creating a State Board of Horticulture and providing for the transfer of the board's duties to the University of California was recommended to passage by the committee of the whole. The bill appropriating \$275,000 for a new building for the Southern California Institute of Horticulture was recommended to passage by the committee of the whole.

An adverse report was made by the committee of the whole on the claim for \$4750 of the German Democrat newspaper for publishing the constitutional amendments. The bill appropriating \$3000 and was recommended favorably.

Bill passed appropriating \$5000 for the Hospital Women's Relief Corps at Eureka, and providing extra clerks for the Attorney-General's office.

The Committee on Prisons reported favoring an exchange of prisoners between California and the State of Washington. The removal of the State Printing Office from Sacramento to Fresno, utilizing the water power at Fresno to run the office, the building of a new printing office and making use of the present quarters for a Governor's residence. Subsequently a bill embodying these recommendations came up and was refused a second reading.

The bill recommended by the Judiciary Committee designed to regulate the term of office of the judges of the county commissions, especially to remove two of San Francisco's Police Commissioners, came up as a special order. Tactics to defeat the bill were developed and when the friends asked for call the House was voted down. After much fencing the roll was called and the bill was refused a third reading by a vote of 37 to 25.

Mr. Ewing, of San Francisco, changed his vote from aye to no and gave notice of a reconsideration.

At the early part of the afternoon, several bills were introduced and taken from the recess, the reformers called up several bills carrying appropriations, and soon about \$300,000 appropriations had been made. The bill appropriating \$150,000 for the completion of the Capitol building, \$25,000 for providing for a State hospital for indigents, \$100,000 for additions and improvements to the Police Prison, \$150,000 for the claim of D. Jordan for \$79,000 for contracting work at Folsom many years ago, was passed by a vote of 43 to 28.

This bill, which amended the act providing for the removal of the State Prison from San Francisco, has already passed the Senate and now goes to the Governor.

The Senate bills passed were those approving the removal of the State Prison from San Francisco; amending the bank commissioners' act; amending the law for refunding indebtedness of towns and cities; providing for the relief of insolvent debtors; and prohibiting the sheriff from acting as a receiver in insolvency cases.

The County Government Bill was made the special order for tomorrow morning.

Public works for the next two years was refused a third reading.

WAR TO THE KNIFE

BROKEN OUT BETWEEN SAN FRANCISCO HIGHBINDER.

Their Dirks are Once More Dripping with Celestial Gore—One of the Moon-eyed is Already Carved Up.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—War has again broken out in that favored district known as Chinatown, and the double-edged dirk knife is once more dripping with celestial gore. As a result of the first engagement, Wu Sing reposes upon an uneasy couch in the Receiving Hospital, with a number of ugly gashes in his head, arms and back.

Three highbinder, armed with long knives, set upon Sing last night, but a policeman happened along and broke up the fight. One of them was caught, but he has little to say, except to protest his innocence. The victim of the carving maintains a discreet silence on all subjects except that of ultimate recovery.

The outbreak of one of those annual outbreaks which occur in Chinatown. A member of one family has been slashed and his multitudinous acquaintances will meet until they have trained blood on the veins of the opposing Tong. Sing is badly hurt, but will probably pull through.

"Trouble has been expected to break out in Chinatown for some time past," said an officer. "Trouble and poverty, which prevail extensively among the highbinder, has engendered great feelings of bitterness toward the better class of their countrymen. The police from time to time have had hints of the trouble which was brewing, but no outbreak has occurred until tonight."

Schooner Wahlberg.

SAN DIEGO, March 7.—Collector of Customs Fisher has gone to Los Angeles, where he will bring back a fine of \$500. The government schooner was sold by the government for \$1600. The captain has disappeared and no information has been obtained regarding his whereabouts.

AMERICAN EXCURSIONISTS.

CONSTANTINOPLE (Turkey), March 7.—The Augusta Victoria from New York, with excursionists sailed from here today for Messina.

CLASH OF ARMS.

Another Greater Than the China-Japan War.

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All Depends Upon the Final Outcome of the Struggle Between Those Countries.

The Next May be, as the Consequence, a Death Struggle Between England and Russia for Supremacy.

By Telegram to the Times.

CHICAGO, March 7.—(Special Dispatch.) The Times-Herald Washington correspondent sends the following:

Russia and Great Britain are likely to come into collision in the far East. This question is now disturbing diplomatic circles here. Information reaches Washington through private but wholly trustworthy channels, that the Russian government is supporting Japan in its demand for the cessation of hostilities and withdrawal of the Russian troops from the Manchurian coast.

Japan would not dare demand possession of such strongholds if it were not sure of the moral and active support of Russia, for the cessation of these ports by China means nothing less than the entire cessation of direct trade with the Gulf of Pechili, which is the waterway leading to Peking. With Japan holding these fortified ports she would have a permanent pledge of peace. The hands of China would be tied. The cessation of Port Arthur and Wei-Zai-Wei would signify the eventual dissolution of the great Chinese empire.

Washington diplomats do not believe the Chinese government will consent to the great sacrifice. They do not believe the British government will stand idly by while Russia is enlarging its power with such tremendous strides in the far East.

The sympathy now existing between Russia and Japan is significant. The Russians are the only foreigners for whom the Japanese do not entertain a hatred. Of all foreigners the English and the most hated, and on account of their blood relation to England, are hated by the Jingo war-mad populace of Japan. Great Britain stands behind China. Her money is lent and invested there by hundreds of millions. With Russia behind Japan and pushing the victors of war on to exorbitant demands, as the price of peace, Great Britain will be forced to show her hand.

Some of the most intelligent men in Washington, among them the Japanese Minister, Mr. Kurino, believe Russia is using Japan as a cat's paw. The Japanese are to be thrust forward to secure the absolute independence of Korea and also the fortified ports which give command of the great Gulf of Pechili and of the Chinese coast. While these acquisitions were made, the Japanese would be an enlargement of Japan's influence, Great Britain would never forget that it was the power of Russia which emboldened the Japanese to ask for so much.

There is intense anxiety as to the manner in which Great Britain will meet this situation. The peace negotiations now pending between China and Japan will mark a crisis in the history of nations. If England throws herself into the breach and puts her power behind China, in resistance to the demands of Japan, a collision between Britain and Russia is not improbable, and if these two powers clash, the map of Asia will be changed.

At the other hand, if England fails to give her aid to China, and permits the Russia-Japanese alliance to carry its point, from that moment Russia will succeed Britain as the controlling power in the East.

Triple Tragedy.

BIRMINGHAM (Ala.), March 7.—News reached here today from Tennessee Oak, Tennessee, county, that a triple tragedy occurred there last evening as the result of which James and Martin Lentz, brothers, are dead and Luke Coleman is seriously wounded. The tragedy was the result of a quarrel between the three young men and the best friends of Coleman a few days ago, when Coleman repeated a story which he claimed the Lentz boys had told him, which was defamatory to Coleman. Coleman then went to the Lentz boys, but the latter denied they had told the story. This caused bad blood between the young men, and last evening when Coleman was returning home he was waylaid by the Lentz boys and a fight ensued. Coleman was killed and the other two were seriously wounded.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The New York Athletic Club's bouts brought off in the clubrooms tonight were of a very lively nature throughout.

At 7 o'clock, Dickson climbed through the ropes accompanied by Tom O'Rourke and Eddie Connolly as seconds. Joe Welch was at the ringside, but did not go into the ring. The fight was between Samuel Bolen, the "unknown," a local color pugilist, put in an appearance. Dickson weighed 142 pounds and Bolen 128.

The first round was a close one. Dickson's body and stopped Dickson's leads. In the second round he got in on Dickson's jaw once. There is no other record of his fighting Dickson. But he took punishment gamely in the six rounds. In the sixth round Dickson went at him manfully and landed punch after punch on Bolen's head but he was game. Bolen landed on the stomach and jaw. Bolen stood up to him and lasted until the end of the bout. Bolen was the victor. The other bouts were between local men.

NEW ORLEANS RACES.

NEW ORLEANS, March 7.—Five furlongs: First, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth, thirtieth, thirty-first, thirty-second, thirty-third, thirty-fourth, thirty-fifth, thirty-sixth, thirty-seventh, thirty-eighth, thirty-ninth, fortieth, forty-first, forty-second, forty-third, forty-fourth, forty-fifth, forty-sixth, forty-seventh, forty-eighth, forty-ninth, fiftieth, fifty-first, fifty-second, fifty-third, fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth, fifty-sixth, fifty-seventh, fifty-eighth, fifty-ninth, sixtieth, sixty-first, sixty-second, sixty-third, sixty-fourth, sixty-fifth, sixty-sixth, sixty-seventh, sixty-eighth, sixty-ninth, seventieth, seventy-first, seventy-second, seventy-third, seventy-fourth, seventy-fifth, seventy-sixth, 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BURBANK—Woman Against Woman.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

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THE PRICE OF VICTORY.

There is further talk about intervention in the Japan-China war by England and Russia. "If Japan demands too much." It is said that the English have forty ships of war and gunboats in Japanese and Chinese waters, and that Russia has twenty-three ships of war in the same region. It will be interesting to note just what demands these powers will regard as exorbitant. Under the circumstances Japan's demands cannot be expected to be very light. She has been at a heavy expense in equipping her armies and carrying on the war. She has been successful at every stage of the contest, and has given the Chinese a beautiful drubbing, until the latter have been forced to sue for peace. It is not at all likely, under such circumstances, that Japan will calmly submit to be deprived of the fruits of victory to which she is justly entitled.

A statement has been given out, though not officially, that England will not allow Japan to acquire an inch of Chinese territory as the reward of her victory. If this is England's attitude, she may be obliged to fight to maintain a part of the cost of defeat when nations go to war with each other. England has not hesitated to acquire territory by means of the sword, and cannot with any degree of consistency attempt to prevent the acquisition of Chinese territory by Japan in the present emergency.

If the Japanese should seek to impose inhuman conditions, involving bloodshed or slavery or other form of personal punishment, the European powers would be justified in interfering in the cause of common humanity. But there is not the least danger that any such obnoxious conditions will be even suggested. It is very likely, however, that Japan will demand, besides a large money indemnity, a goodly section of Chinese territory. Furthermore, it is highly probable that Japan will get what she demands, Great Britain to the contrary notwithstanding.

THE PASSING OF THE ADOBE.

The quaint old adobe houses are fast disappearing from our midst, and yet in many respects they are the best adapted to this climate of any house yet built. They are warm in winter and cool in summer, and well-built, they are enduring.

Those who were here before the days of American occupation were an easy-going people, looking well to their physical comfort, and they built well when they reared those thick-walled dwellings which the sun's heat found hard to penetrate, as well as the cooler air of winter. But the evolution of the modern home in this land of the sun brings improved facilities for enjoyment. The old adobe was not well-lighted. It had the air of dreamy romance about its large rooms, as if it lived within itself and let the outside world go on alone. The life that occupied it had little to do with that world where progress was dominant and the march of the race was onward. The vaster meaning of life was never discovered behind those adobe walls, and probably had it not been for the influx of newer life, with its energizing forces, this fair domain would present today about the same aspect that it did when these old adobes were reared and life was here hardly more than an existence of careless pleasure.

The houses were typical of the people. They built as their fathers built, without troubling themselves to seek out any new methods. And, moreover, they were content with what contented their fathers. They did not delve and dive as we do today to after new possibilities and new sources of wealth. Their flocks and herds, their wheat fields and olive orchards were

enough for them. The great, bustling today, with its thousand new activities, they never conceived of. Simply to be sufficient in a land like this.

And so by degrees the old past has given place to us, and with the vanishing adobe has largely vanished the race that it sheltered, and today is ours under these summer skies, ours in which to build a magnificent future of development and progress. The old regime was totally unlike the new, and as totally unlike that past is the social life with us in the present. It is not distinctively different from what we find elsewhere. In a broad sense it is cosmopolitan—made up from people from all parts of the country as well as from every land. The blood of every nature flows here; the energy of all lands is behind our activities. Under such conditions advance is certain and competition natural. The very force of circumstances surrounding us tends to growth. There is no such thing as standing still for us, for the world is at our heels. If civilization slumbers anywhere it will not be here.

A CHEERFUL PROPHET.

Mr. C. E. Wantland, a prominent citizen of Salt Lake City, writing in the American Land and Title Register, makes some cheerful predictions as to the progress of Denver, Salt Lake and Los Angeles during 1895-96. Of Los Angeles and the "New West" he says:

Los Angeles will also keep ahead in the race. The great discovery of petroleum in great quantities, colorado work and settling up the great ranches transformed by irrigation, certainty of railroad connection with the iron and coal fields of Utah, with the fact that all States now pay tribute to Southern California as the "Italy of America," will make good my prediction.

"Let our Eastern and Central real estate brethren turn their eyes again to the Western Star. The Southern propaganda has diverted attention recently, but the West is awake up, and Denver, Salt Lake and Los Angeles, the great cities of the great district in America where the vacant lands now appear which the idle people of other States, who must get back to the land either alive or dead. The last Congress gave to each of the mountain States 1,000,000 acres of land to be reclaimed under their own plans. 'Irrigation' is the magic word. In the new States 3,000,000 acres are now ready and waiting for settlers."

"In six months from now the greatest colonization work of recent years will be under way, and it will be a movement to the New West. 'Let our friends remember that the land of silver is also the land of gold which they worship. Let them also remember that the States west of Missouri River it carries with it a new feature. The people whose interests have been laughed at are beginning to feel that it is folly to send hides East to be made into shoes and shipped back to them, providing work for people who talk and legislate against silver. They also feel that their wool had better be made up into clothing by their own people at home, and that iron and many other raw materials had better be utilized nearer home among their friends. The New West and industrial independence will be heard of one of these days. The story of a billion dollars taken from Western mines and shipped away to pay for goods made in the East may not be repeated in the future."

In the Vanderbilt divorce case the plaintiff was given an absolute divorce with the privilege of remarriage, while the defendant was forbidden to marry during the lifetime of the defendant. It may be that the statutes of New York authorize judges to impose conditions of this kind, but it appears, nevertheless, to be a *reductio ad absurdum*. Either the parties to the suit are divorced or they are not divorced. If not divorced, of course neither can remarry until the bonds are severed. But if they are divorced they no longer stand in the relation of man and wife. If Mr. Vanderbilt no longer has a wife, upon what ground can he be forbidden to marry? If a court can logically and legally forbid him to marry, can it not also forbid any other unmarried man to marry? It is doubtful if the inhibition laid upon the defendant in this case would be sustained by the higher courts should he choose to carry the question to an ultimate test.

Sir Benjamin W. Richardson, M. D., an eminent English scientist, maintains that the normal life of man is at least 110 years, and that it may in exceptional cases be prolonged considerably beyond that age. He recommends no severe restraints, but merely cheerfulness of mind, moderate exercise, temperate eating and drinking, etc. No doubt the practice of these virtues will prolong life to some extent, but the doctor's estimate that seven out of every ten persons might thus extend their years beyond the century mark is evidently too optimistic. There are too many organic defects in the average human

system—not to say too much cussedness—in this day, to justify the roseate view of Sir Benjamin.

Charles A. Dana, editor, and William Lafin, publisher, of the New York Sun, will be compelled to defend themselves in an action brought against them for criminal libel by Frank B. Noyes, proprietor of the Washington Evening Star, and one of the board of directors of the Executive Committee of the Associated Press. The "old man" of the New York Sun has run up against a combination which his well-known bulldozing tactics will be powerless to intimidate. He will probably wish, before the case is ended, that he had been a little more discreet.

The Senate distinguished itself yesterday by passing the bill to restore Lawyer Philbrook and to permit attorneys to browbeat and abuse the presiding judges in courts of justice. The vote was 21 to 7. This is one of several vicious measures passed by or pending before the Legislature. It is, perhaps, too much to hope that it will be defeated in the lower house; but it ought to be.

The Supreme Court of the United States heard the opening arguments yesterday in the income-tax cases, appealed recently from the decision of the United States Court of Appeals for the Southern District of New York. The opinion of the Supreme Court will finally decide the constitutionality of the income-tax law, and it will be awaited with great interest.

A schoolmarm at Champaign, Ill., has been sued for breach of promise, the man in the case placing his damages at \$10,000. "This is the era of the 'new woman,' and she must expect to take her medicine just as 'mere man' is obliged to take his. She cannot be accorded special rights, privileges and exemptions."

Californians are fond of newspapers, and support more of them in proportion to population than any other State in the Union. A town, no matter how small its size, feels poor indeed without a newspaper of its own. That is the right spirit and it makes for freedom.

The Fresno Republican says that the popular feeling for the Fifty-third Congress "will probably be a strange mixture of sympathy and condemnation." It is to be feared that it will require a powerful magnifying glass to tell just where the sympathy comes in.

The trend of the city's growth is noticeably to the south and west. Broadway is putting on a bustling business air for many blocks southward, and beautiful homes are going up in all directions below the business centers.

A Washington dispatch says that ex-Postmaster-General Bissell "has been an all-around adviser of the President." Perhaps this may explain Mr. Bissell's retirement from the Cabinet.

The Atlanta Constitution claims to have ascertained that the Republicans of Georgia favor Harrison for the next President. They have had an awfully cold winter down in Florida.

The agony is over at last in Idaho. George L. Shoup having been elected United States Senator by a small majority. The contest has been a very warm one throughout.

The Kansas City Journal anxiously asks: "Is the Democracy breaking up?" Well, no perhaps not quite that. But there are lots of Democrats who are all broken up.

The woman with a baby is becoming obsolescent. The woman with a hobby is rapidly waiting to the forefront of public attention.

We have had some striking evidences of late that Messrs. Cleveland and Carlisle are firm believers in the "gold cure."

Boston is taking time by the forelock. It is already making preparations for celebrating the Fourth of July.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

LOS ANGELES THEATRE.—The Calhoun Company repeated "Amorita" last evening to another fine audience. For this evening that stirring, picturesque and melodious light opera, "The Black Hussar," was presented. The cast includes T. E. Rowan in a fitting role and it is to be a sort of "Rowan night." A big house is anticipated.

PITH OF THE PRESS.

(San Francisco Call.) The coming of spring will bring rose festivals and carnivals of pleasure to California, while to the East it will bring the breaking up of ice gorges, inundations and blizzards.

(Oakland Times.) The "reform" tariff was to "open up the markets of the world to the American farmer and manufacturer." Has it? Ask the cotton-grower; ask the wheat-grower; ask the sheep-raiser; ask the cattleman; ask any manufacturer. They ought to know.

(Hanford Sentinel.) A movement is on foot to have the great political national conventions for next year held in California. The Sentinel heartily supports the idea. The great West needs more people, and one way to get them is to have them come and see the country.

(Lodi Sentinel.) The Legislature displayed good judgment in killing the Teachers' Pension Bill. There is no sense whatever in the measure, as instructors in every branch receive due compensation for their services. To put this never-ceasing, ever-increasing burden upon the already overtaxed people would indeed be an unwise enactment.

(San Jose Mercury.) Northern California fruit-growers will endeavor to partially protect themselves by asking the Legislature to pass a bill requiring a stamp or tag to be put on every sack of dried fruit and every box of green fruit, the product of orchards cultivated by Chinese. They are too late for this session, and it is unfortunate that they did not prepare the bill earlier.

(Fresno Republican.) The Fifty-third Congress might have done much for the people of the United States; it did little, and what it did much was evil in its effect. When it assembled the executive and legislative departments of the govern-

ment were absolutely in the hands of the Democracy. There was not a plume made in the national Democratic platform which it was not in the power of the Democrats to carry into effect, and with few exceptions those plumes were violated.

SMILES.

(Tid-Bee.) He. What allowance do you think your father ought to make us when we are married?

She. Well, if he makes ample allowance for your faults I think he will be doing all that can be expected of him.

"What makes you think she has such good taste in artistic matters?" said one.

"She has given up trying to draw," said the other.

That history repeats itself! We've very often heard, But let us hope that it will not Encore the 53d.

(Washington Star.)

(New York Sun.) Smith. The real estate market must always be active, I should say. Brown. Why so?

Smith. There are so many fellows nowadays who want the earth.

(Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.) Bellefield. I lent Squidly an umbrella on Saturday and he returned it on Monday.

Bloomfield. I have long suspected that Squidly was a fraud.

(Harper's Magazine.) "How did Jennie look at the ball?"

"Why, dear, I never hoped to see her look so ugly!"

(Harper's Magazine.) Ethel. This air is so bracing! I am fairly intoxicated with it.

Marie. Well, why not? Most people are intoxicated when they are half-asleep.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

WHAT NEXT?
SOME OF THE DEVICES PRACTICED BY DEAD BEATS.

LOS ANGELES, March 7.—(To the Editor of the Times.) It has been a query whether physicians and druggists are really the most innocent and unselfish members of a community, or is the fact that they are made the especial victims of every dead beat and sharper that comes along due to their well-established reputation for honesty and generosity.

Certain it is they receive no credit for the first call from the dead beat on reaching a new field of operations, and sharp and shrewd must be the doctor who will have good reason to remember the visit after the fellow leaves. Their plans and devices are always well laid and well calculated to keep the doctor in the store, and about 30 or 35 years old, came limping into the store and told a most lurid tale of want and suffering. He had been a soldier in the late war, and was wounded at the battle of Pittsburg Landing, and produced papers to show that he was a discharged soldier. He had friends at San Francisco, and was in need of money to get to them. In our haste to help an old soldier we did not take time to consider the fact that the war in which he took active part ended about the time that he came into the world.

Just before the old soldier (?) came in, a young man whose father kept a jewelry store on Spring street, at the same time, but who is now on the police force at Pittsburg, Pa., came rushing into the store. "I want a pint of your best brandy," he said. "I am in a hurry." We hastily put up the required quantity of the best cognac for medicinal purposes, and handed it to him. He took it, and in a few minutes he was as rushed out, "but I'll get the change and be back in an hour." We never saw him after, and that the sick sister (?) never saw him either.

The last scheme was one that required a little preliminary preparation. Last Saturday a well-dressed and neat-looking man came in on Spring street, and asked: "Is this the 'pharmacy'?"

"Well, Dr. Thiele sent me here with these prescriptions about the same time last week. He said he wanted some more of the same. There is a very sick man in room No. 42. He has been in the hospital for some time; how long will it take?"

"About five minutes," we said.

"But Dr. Thiele says," he wants the medicine made specially for him."

"That will take some time," I replied.

"Well, give me the ten ounces of your best brandy and send the others down as soon as you can for him. I am a nurse and I must get back at once."

I need hardly say that there was no sick man in room No. 42, Memo Hotel, but to think of the temerity of a man who would forge the name of a well-known physician to a prescription, and thus render himself liable to the penalty for 50 cents worth of liquor. It passes all comprehension.

DRUGGIST.

It is Even So.
(New York Tribune.) Paid a Californian in the Washington Post the other day: "The outlook for property and development was never more encouraging. Our country is the most fertile and growing of any in the world. Heavy rains have fallen, which will insure an immense yield of the orchards and vineyards. My own crop of grapes is growing faster and in a more solid way than any other town in the United States. There is nothing of the unhealthy boom era, but solid, substantial growth and progress. The people who are attracted there by its matchless climate and other advantages added 1700 residences to Los Angeles, and this year that number will be largely exceeded."

Good Cows.
(Pacific Rural Press.) We have often commented upon the necessity of getting better cows before dairy production will give the country the best results. We hope all our dairy readers will study carefully the position of E. W. Steele on this question, as given at length on another page of this week's Rural. R will soon crop the splendid and will bring high, but we can say that dairyland should not push along toward it as far as possible. Read what Mr. Steele says a cow should be, and what the ideal dairy cow should be on the average, as estimated by W. H. Russell, of the Dairyman's Union, of this city. He says:

California has 333,330 milk cows, and each will average 7500 pounds of milk, or 150 pounds of butter per year. The produce of 106,666 cows is consumed as milk; that of 19,330 into cheese, and that of 207,444 is made into butter.

The value of the dairy products may be more clearly set forth by the following figures, which represent a yearly average:

50,000,000 gallons of milk, at 13 cents \$6,500,000
31,116,000 pounds of butter, at 19 cents 5,912,154
9,000,000 pounds of cheese, at 9 cents 810,000
Calves, \$2 per cow, average 666,620
Skim milk, used as hog food 1,037,220

Total yearly average \$14,495,994
These figures make the dairy of great commercial importance to California, as, indeed, it is. But suppose we could get cows which would come nearer to what Mr. Steele claims they should produce. Let our dairy readers figure on it a little, and then go to work to improve their stock, as can now be cheaply done at the prices for which the best dairy breeds can be obtained.

Suit Dismissed.
SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—The suit of John W. Ellis against the Central Presbyterian Church, of which he was pastor, was dismissed by Judge Seawell on stipulation of the contracting parties. This suit was for \$554.75, which Ellis claimed was the amount of the salary contract which he had with the church of the presbytery.

DANA INDICTED.

An Eclipse Passing Over the New York Sun.

Washington's Evening Star Casts a Dark Cloud Over its Radiance.

The Editor Who "Shines for All" Held for Criminal Libel by the Grand Jury of the Supreme Court.

Associated Press Leased-Wire Service.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The grand jury of the Supreme Court for the District of Columbia has returned an indictment for criminal libel against Charles A. Dana, editor, and William Lafin, publisher of the New York Sun.

The indictment was formally made to Judge Cole, presiding, by the foreman of the jury today. It is a formidable document of many pages, setting forth the maliciousness of Messrs. Dana and Lafin in criminally libelling Frank B. Noyes, proprietor of the Washington Evening Star, and one of the board of directors, and of the Executive Committee of the Associated Press.

The District Supreme Court is a United States court, and according to the procedure of such courts, District Attorney Birney will transmit a certified copy of the indictment to the District Attorney for the Southern District of New York, located in New York City. It will be submitted to a United States commissioner and he, on satisfying himself of the regularity of the indictment, will issue a criminal warrant for the arrest of Messrs. Dana and Lafin.

The commissioner also fixes the amount of the fine to be paid by the accused, and the amount of the fine to be paid by the accused, and the amount of the fine to be paid by the accused.

The indictment sets forth the circumstances and motives leading up to the crime, and states that the Associated Press incorporated a new agency for the wide distribution of news, with branches in New York, Chicago, Washington, St. Louis, San Francisco and throughout the country. Its affairs were conducted by a board of directors, of which Mr. Noyes is a member.

ANIMUS OF THE ACT.

The indictment states the international organization of the United Press, which has Charles A. Dana as president and William A. Lafin as vice-president. Mention is made of the fact that the United Press is a permanent agency for the dissemination of news, and that the United Press is a permanent agency for the dissemination of news, and that the United Press is a permanent agency for the dissemination of news.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACT.

The indictment, after stating that the foregoing libel was circulated in New York City, charges also on the same day Messrs. Dana and Lafin sent 300 copies of the paper to Washington, and thereby published the libel in Washington.

The two accused are charged with full knowledge of what appears in the editorial columns of their paper and with responsibility for the same.

The second count relates particularly to the publication of the libel in Washington.

The third count is general in terms, accusing Dana and Lafin of conspiring and publishing a criminal libel, specifying the Sun or detailing circumstances of the charge.

The first count is the most specific and deals with the charges on the Sun in specifying an allegation of crime. The proceedings have been under the direction of District Attorney Birney, also has assigned Assistant District Attorney F. B. Noyes, of Washington, to prosecute the case before the grand jury. Being a criminal and not a civil case the prosecution is conducted by the public officers as an offense against the public rather than as an offense against an individual.

The theory of the law being that a libel against Mr. Noyes or any other citizen is an offense against the peace and quiet of the community to be prosecuted in the same manner as any other disturbance of the public peace. When the warrants are issued Messrs. Dana and Lafin will be taken into custody and held to give bail, in which case they will be brought to Washington to stand trial. If they give bail it will insure their coming to Washington at the time the case is called in the United States Court. In the meantime they may test the sufficiency of the indictment, without going into its details, by applying for a writ of habeas corpus. The action of the grand jury in indicting Messrs. Dana and Lafin will undoubtedly add another celebrated case to the annals of American criminal law.

While the indictment is one in behalf of the public against the libelous course of Mr. Dana and his conductor, Mr. Lafin, it incidentally protects the reputation of Mr. Noyes and others who have been maligned by this source. It is assumed that these persons are willing to stand to justify in court this publication against Mr. Noyes and such an effort at justification is welcomed. It is fitting that the case should be tried in the court of the people, and that the United Press papers and the News have taken occasion to express their high regard for him and their contempt for Mr. Dana's libel.

ATTACK THE SUN.

It has been a source of gratification to Mr. Noyes and his friends that many United Press papers have risen above the bad feeling engendered by the contest between the Associated Press and the United Press, and have taken occasion to express their high regard for him and their contempt for Mr. Dana's libel.

The Washington Post in a leader editorial deprecates the violent and rancorous controversy and the unfortunate one and temper of the New York Sun. It says of the Sun editorial of February 22, that Mr. Noyes is one of the directors of the Associated Press, and as such has incurred the animosity of the Sun. It adds:

"We are very sure, however, that the Sun's accusation against him will not bear scrutiny, and for our part we take pleasure in saying of a fellow townsman, albeit

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

A Rio de Janeiro dispatch states that Senator Gonsalves Ferrera, Minister of the Interior, has resigned.

At Denver (S. D.) yesterday, the boiler at Runkle's sawmill exploded, killing William Warren and Andrew Delahoy.

At Santa Cruz, yesterday, Alex Penn, who attempted to murder his wife, was held to answer before the Superior Court.

At New York, yesterday, the directors of the American Sugar Refining Company declared the regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent. on the common stock.

A Lewis (Del.) dispatch says that the ship yacht Albatross, which went ashore on Lewis Beach last Monday night, floated off yesterday morning and sailed for Norfolk.

At Kalamazoo (Mich.) yesterday, Lieut. Gov. Milnes was nominated on the 15th ballot in the Republican convention as Congressional candidate to succeed Julius C. Burrows.

Senator Stephen Elkins of West Virginia arrived Wednesday night at Mexico City by special car. He is accompanied by his family. His trip has commercial and perhaps political significance.

A dispatch received at Halifax, N. S., says that a cablegram to the owners reports the loss of the ship Harlanville at Princess Island, Strait of Juan de Fuca, on a voyage from Capetown to Saigon.

At Chicago, yesterday, Charles Teitel, a housewife, was found dead in bed, having killed himself with poison because a \$3000 judgment in a breach-of-promise suit against him had been awarded Mrs. Teitel.

At San Francisco, yesterday, an action was commenced to disorganize the Sunset Irrigation District of Fresno county and set aside all the acts of the board of directors so that certain capitalists can step in and complete the work originally planned.

A San Francisco dispatch says that Mattie Morse, a seventeen-year-old girl who recently ran away from the home of her widowed mother at Los Gatos, was taken in charge by the police yesterday as she walked ashore from a steamer boat at Stockton, and returned to her home.

A London (England) dispatch says that a plasterer named Taylor, living at Lower Tooting near London, took the throat of his wife and six children with a razor in the morning, and took his own life. All the family are dead except one child, who is at the point of death.

At Baltimore, yesterday, a telegram from Tampa reported the loss of the Baltimore schooner Edward A. Sanchez, coal-burner, which went ashore at Cape Cod, Cape Poge, Mass. and the crew of eight men got safely ashore in boats.

At New York, yesterday, a dispatch says that Hon. A. M. Todd, the prohibition party's candidate for member of Congress, to succeed the late John A. Bland, died at his home in New York City, after a long illness.

At Milwaukee (Wis.) "Farmer" Burns of Big Rock, Wis., was elected to the Wisconsin State Assembly, and was elected to the Wisconsin State Assembly, and was elected to the Wisconsin State Assembly.

At New York, yesterday, a dispatch says that a sweeping challenge asserting his readiness to defend the light-weight championship in a match with a certain boxer, was made by the boxer, who is a native of New York, and who is a native of New York, and who is a native of New York.

A Boston dispatch says that fire broke out on board the United States transport ship, during her trip from Philadelphia to the Boston navy-yard, where she arrived Tuesday night, and it was extinguished by the crew, and it was extinguished by the crew, and it was extinguished by the crew.

At New York, yesterday, a dispatch says that the names were kept from the magazine, where 500 pounds of powder was stored.

Federation of the Alternative.

ST. JOHNS (N. F.) March 7.—The government recently requested the British government to guarantee a loan of \$2,500,000 to be used for the purpose of improving the roads.

This is declined federation is likely to be the alternative. The Bank of Montreal has refused a further loan. Several insolvent firms are unable to make a compromise with their creditors and will have to go into liquidation. Business is improving.

OUR DAILY WANTS

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS, AND PRACTICAL HEALTH CALENDAR.

FRIDAY, MARCH 8

Temperature yesterday: Maximum, 66 deg.; minimum, 48 deg.; partly cloudy.

One laugh is better than a thousand groans.

BREAKFAST: Apples and Dates. Beef Frizzards. Baked Potatoes. White Bread. Corn Omelette Cakes. Syrup. Coffee.

DINNER: Baked Fish. Mashed Potatoes. Canned Succotash. Pickles. Celery. Blackberry Jam. Sliced Oranges. Jumbles.

THE WEATHER.

DAILY BULLETIN.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, March 7.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.14; at 5 p.m., 30.12. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 46 deg. and 51 deg. Maximum temperature, 58 deg.; minimum temperature, 43 deg. Character of weather, partly cloudy.

Barometer reduced to sea level.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WEATHER BUREAU. Reports received at Los Angeles, Cal., on March 7, 1895. GEORGE E. FRANKLIN, Observer. Observations taken at all stations at 8 p.m., 75th meridian time.

Place of Observation.	Bar.	Ther.
Los Angeles, cloudy.	30.12	51
San Diego, cloudy.	30.12	56
San Luis Obispo, partly cloudy.	30.16	66
Fresno, partly cloudy.	30.14	56
San Francisco, clear.	30.12	68
Sacramento, clear.	30.12	68
Red Bluff, clear.	30.08	68
Fureka, cloudy.	30.30	48
Roseburg, clear.	30.10	68
Portland, clear.	30.18	68

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Still the building boom goes uninter-
ruptedly on.

Can you find any city in the country
of the size of Los Angeles with busier
streets?

The First Presbyterian Church building
is rapidly being dismantled and it will
soon be on its travels.

People of the outlying towns have all
the success of the fair at heart. Let us
make it the jubilee of the continent.

Our magnificent Citrus Fair is a sort of
prelude to the greater magnificence of
the fleet, but let us not fail to make the
most of it.

The Berry Association, of which incor-
poration papers were filed yesterday in
this city, is not another form of the
"Undertakers' trust."

Broadway will be a most magnificent
street when the work of tunneling through
Fort Hill is completed. It is a much
needed improvement.

The fog swept in early last evening
chill and damp. But the sun will shine
again today as golden as it shone at
noon yesterday. These little breaks in the
sunshine work us no ill.

It is to be hoped that every one who
can will visit the Citrus Fair. It is a
marvelous revelation of the horticultural
wealth of this section. The side features
are also charmingly attractive.

In her lecture last night Mrs. Lou V.
Chapin stated that the alphabet came
originally from Tyre. This, we are war-
ranted in concluding, is the reason why
the learning of the alphabet gives to
some small boys that Tyred feeling.

It is claimed by the Riverside and the
Redlands papers that both those local-
ities have shipped better oranges this sea-
son than ever before, and that the fruit
has been more carefully graded and
packed. All of which claims are prob-
ably true, and are an encouraging sign
of the times.

Our Southern California orange-growers
have now another "Richmond in the field."
A dispatch from New York, published in
the Times of this morning, says that Pa-
vanas oranges are in that market. The
price for the latter is from \$3.50 to \$4,
which is higher, apparently, than the Cal-
ifornia fruit is quoted at.

It is estimated that the season's orange
crop will bring an aggregate of \$5,000,000
into Southern California. One hundred
carloads per day, on an average, are leav-
ing for the Eastern markets, and the av-
erage price is not less than \$500 per car.
Orders are coming in faster than they can
be filled, and prices offered are in many
cases higher than those fixed by the ex-
change. The latter has wisely decided not
to take advantage of the situation to ad-
vance rates to an exorbitant figure. The
general consumption of California oranges
in the Eastern markets will create a de-
mand for larger shipments in the future.
Altogether, the outlook for orange culture
in Southern California was never better
than it is at the present time.

In last Sunday's Times "The Eagle" pol-
ished off that truth-stranger, Eugene
Field, for numerous libels perpetrated by
him upon Southern California and her peo-
ple through the columns of a Chicago
paper. Among other unwarranted asser-
tions contained in E. Field's screed was
an invidious personal allusion to Mrs.
Mendelssohn of San Juan Capistrano, a
well-known woman and citizen, whose
friends resent the remarks of the Chicago
Annanias. In this case, as in the others
quoted by the Times, and commented
upon by the Times, and quoted in order
to be condemned—the reckless and un-
warranted spirit shown by the writer of
the screed is glaringly shown. When next
he visits San Juan he may hear something
drop. Possibly it may be Eugene Field
himself.

The Anaheim Gazette of yesterday has
the following: "Mr. Cargill went up to
Los Angeles one day last week to attend
the orange exchange meeting, and returned
decorated with fiesta colors, having been
taken in hand by the festa managers and
selected as the representative Orange
county on the Committee of Arrangements.
The committee, to the number of forty,
including our fellow-townsmen and his
daughter, Mrs. Harrison, went on a trip
to Mt. Lowe, and were royally entertained.
Mr. Cargill will appoint a number of pre-
dict committee members from the different
sections of the county, and suggests that
the people of this neighborhood get together
and have an Anaheim festa in the parade.
There will probably be an Orange-county
festa and a Santa Ana festa, and there
ought to be one from this city."

A desperate effort is being made to
prove that the late James G. Fair was
insane, and detectives are at work in
Los Angeles for the purpose of digging up
information that would tend to prove such
a theory. The writer of this paragraph
met Mr. Fair in Los Angeles just before
he left for San Francisco, not having seen
him previously for ten years. He com-
plained of his physical infirmities, but
certainly did not show the least signs of
mental aberration. However, when there
is so much money at stake it will doubt-
less not be difficult to procure plenty of
evidence to show that Fair was as crazy
as a March hare—or as young McDonald
of the Pacific Bank. The craziest thing
he did was to leave his property to be
squabbled over after his death, instead of
disposing of the bulk of it while he was liv-
ing, but if this is a proof of insanity then
most millionaires who die in the same
boat.

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

Public announcement is made of the en-
gagement of Arthur B. Thomas, a popular
young pharmacist at Sale's, and Miss Ger-
trude Auld, the well-known soprano singer
who came over to this country from
Europe to make a concert tour. This en-
gagement is the outcome of a pretty ro-
mance. When Miss Auld came to Los
Angeles in her tour she intended to go
back to Europe, but Cupid changed her
plans. The marriage will take place some
time in April.

A MASQUERADE PARTY.
An enjoyable masquerade party was
given the other evening by Mrs. J. E.
Brown of No. 431 Eastlake avenue, in
honor of her sister, Miss Grace Kapp. The
parlors, profusely decorated with lilies,
roses and smilax, and the long veranda
furnished with palms, pepper boughs and
Chinese lanterns called forth many com-
pliments. The hostess was assisted in re-
ceiving by Mrs. Georgia Miller and Miss
May Miller. Among the many notable and
characteristic costumes was one deserving
of special mention for its uniqueness, be-
ing a fashionable costume made entirely
of the Los Angeles Times and exhibiting
great ingenuity and skill on the part of
the wearer. Those present were: Misses
Grace Kapp, Virgie Davidson, Nan Ayres,
worth, Clara Lawrence, Rose Latta, Lena
Weideman, Maggie Mohan, Louise Am-
brose, Stella Eason, Jessie Connor, Grace
Lambie, Gertrude Lawrence, Myrtle Con-
nor, Sallie Hodge, Alice Gordon, Flora Law-
rence, Christine Weideman, Nellie Latta,
May McIntyre, Cora Boquest, Ella Eason,
Ethel Latta, Messrs. Jean Dea, Emilio
McIntyre, Fred Gordon, Allen Davidson,
Ernest Wise, William McKee, Walter
Leeds, W. J. McIntyre, Harry Lloyd,
James Martin, Ben Tyler, John Stock-
well, Roy Chible, Leon Conklin, Walter
Doxey, Frank Connor.

IVY SOCIAL CLUB.
Wednesday evening the Ivy Social Club
held its second monthly ball at Boutlier's
Hall. There was a large attendance, about
thirty-five couples being present. A nice
dance broke up at 12 o'clock, every one
having thoroughly enjoyed it. The next
dance takes place on the first Wednesday
in April.

Our engraver is lately from the East.
All the latest styles of fine engraving.
The Whedon & Webb Co., No. 114 West
First street.

CONDUCTOR HAMILTON'S END.

A Victim of the Late Great Strike

Commits Self-murder.
A dispatch was received here last night
saying that Conductor John A. Hamilton
had committed suicide at Denver, on ac-
count of despondency caused by his being
black-listed. He was well-known in this
city, having been in the employ of the
Southern Pacific and Southern California
railroad companies for several years. At
the time of the A. R. U. strike last sum-
mer he was employed as a freight con-
ductor by the Atlantic and Pacific Rail-
road Company at Williams, Ariz., but
joined the strikers and was discharged.
He then came to Los Angeles and en-
deavored to get work, but failed and con-
sequently became somewhat despondent.

He left here for Colorado about four
weeks ago with considerable money and
a quantity of valuable jewelry in his
possession, and about a week later wrote
to his relative, C. E. Johnson, of No. 450
South Broadway, this city, from Cripple
Creek. Beyond the fact that business was
full there he said little of his circum-
stances and announced his departure for
Cheyenne, out of which place he had
taken trains on the Union Pacific road
for over seven years. Since that time
nothing was heard from him until a dis-
patch announcing his death at Denver
arrived.

Hamilton was 53 years of age, single,
and had been in the railroad business for
over twenty-five years. Of that time he
had been with the Mexican Central three
years, the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas
three years, and the Union Pacific seven
years.

Religious Notes.

Rev. C. S. Mason addressed the congrega-
tion at the East Los Angeles Baptist
Church last night. A good interest has
been developed in the special services
held this week. Rev. George E. Dye will
speak tonight.

Miss Smith, a returned missionary
from China, is recuperating in Pasadena
and will address the annual meeting of
the W. P. and H. M. Society of Trinity
Methodist Episcopal Church, South, this
evening at that church, on Broadway. No
admission will be charged.

The Executive Committee of the
Y.M.C.A. of this city, convened at the
Y.M.C.A. parlors last night. Arrangements
were perfected for a mass-meeting
of all endeavors at the Y.M.C.A. Hall
on March 15 in the interest of the Pacific
Coast Mission. Several bills were con-
sidered. Mrs. Home and Miss Con-
way's resignations as vice-presidents were
accepted and Mrs. M. E. Donaldson and
A. E. Ingram elected to fill the vacancies.
The next missionary extension course lec-
ture will be held in the East Los Angeles
Congregational Church by appointment of
the Executive Committee.

The Swedish Fair.

A fair opened last evening in Music
Hall for the benefit of the Swedish
Church in this city. The hall contains
five or six booths filled with various sorts
of fancy work, from the old-fashioned
log-cabin patchwork quilt up to the more
modern styles of lace and embroidery,
and presided over by Swedish girls in
their picturesque national costume. The
fair will last for three evenings, and there
will be change of programme of vocal
and instrumental music, lectures, ad-
dresses and recitations for each evening.

Missing Girl Found.

Miss Winifred Davis, the young woman
who disappeared from her home at High-
land last Tuesday morning, as was re-
ported in this paper, was found next day
at Cucamonga by her father and returned
with him to her home. It is stated that
her mind is unbalanced and that this is
the second time she thus wandered away
from her home.

Chinese Vagrancy Cases.

The case of the six Chinese women
charged with vagrancy was before Pas-
tore Justice Morrison and was continued till
one week from today. Police Justice
Owens will render a decision today in the
case of Ah Shew, which case was tried
on a charge of vagrancy one week ago and
taken under advisement.

The French Benevolent Society.

The French Benevolent Society has
elected the following officers for the en-
suing year: C. Faure, president; J. Gri-
maud, vice-president; E. Eyraud, treas-
urer; P. Saulon, secretary; directors,
P. Echarides, J. Pellissier, E. Conte, M.
Taiz, P. Darauette, F. Clos.

Died of Lockjaw.

At Fullerton, a short distance south of
this city, George Mehler, a well-known Ger-
man, died Wednesday afternoon with lock-
jaw, caused by running a nail through
his boot into his foot.

Short-hand Free.

Having four hours to spare every other day
between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock, I will
give lessons in the Gramsc system of sten-
ography and best method of typewriting one
half the time in exchange for dictation the
other half. One pupil, lady only, and no re-
ference required. Address E. box 22, First
U. S. HOTEL, rooms \$2 a week and up.

CORONADO

DURING THE WINTER



HAS THE WARMEST CLIMATE
IN CALIFORNIA.

The Pleasure
Seeker Finds the greatest va-
riety of enjoy-
ments.

The greatest comfort
and health-restor-
ing atmosphere

For The
Tourist The finest winter sea-
side resort in
America.

Steam Heaters Throughout the Hotel.
Coronado Agency, 129 North Spring
st., Los Angeles.

DRUNKENNESS

LIQUOR HABIT cured at home
without the
knowledge of patient, if desired, by
administering DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECI-
FIC. Golden Specific Co., Props. Cincin-
nati, O. Book of particulars free. To be
had of E. G. Main, 129 S. Spring st., and
W. Brann & Co., Los Angeles, Cal.

THE UNLUCKY THIRTEEN.

THIRTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS
WANTED BY THEM.

Dissentions Among the Parties Have
Put Off Indefinitely the Chance
of Securing the Rewards
of the Companies.

On February 16, 1894, the day after the
second of the Roscoe train robberies, the
Southern Pacific Company and Wells,
Fargo & Co. jointly offered a reward of
\$1000, in addition to the standing reward
of \$500 offered by the latter corporation,
for the arrest and conviction of the per-
petrators of the outrage.

This sum naturally aroused the cupidity
of the local officers to the extent of mak-
ing extra efforts to bring the guilty par-
ties to justice. With what success these
efforts were attended it is unnecessary to
state, the matter being still fresh in the
minds of the public. Suffice it to say that
after a number of arrests had been made
and considerable money spent in fruitless
endeavors to convict innocent men, Alva
Johnson, a rancher in the Tejuca Can-
yon, was arrested, and upon confessing his
complicity in the second robbery, sen-
tenced to San Quentin Penitentiary for life.

Since his arrest no less than thirteen ap-
plicants have presented their claims for
the rewards of \$1300, and two suits have
been commenced against the corporations
above named to recover that amount. In
order therefore to determine the question
as to which of the claims is well founded,
and to whom the corporations are legally
liable, they jointly commenced an action
yesterday in the Superior Court against
these thirteen claimants, which in effect,
is an offer to deposit the \$1300 in court
and let them fight it out among them-
selves.

In their complaint the two companies al-
lege that each of the defendants named
therein claims to be entitled to the re-
ward, and that the company is unable,
without the aid of the court to determine
which of the defendants are entitled to it,
but that they stand ready to pay this re-
ward to the person or persons legally en-
titled to it.

It is also sought to enjoin the two claim-
ants who have already brought suit from
proceeding any further against them,
pending the determination by the court of
the priority of their claims.

The applicants for the reward are Frank
Dowler, A. B. Lawson, Charles Eitel, F.
B. Kennet, L. D. Rogers, John Adams,
H. C. McDonald, George McClarty, Tomas
Botello, Will Smith and three others.

THE LADY OF THE LEG.

The Expected Murder Theory at Last
is Published.

A thrilling and hair-curling story of
mysterious murder has been built upon
the discovery of that human leg in a
Broadway back yard. That the leg had
once belonged to a living human being no
one who saw it had a shadow of doubt,
and that its original owner was an adult
female was accepted on the word of physi-
cians, though a corn doctor could have
given expert testimony on the subject.

That much granted, now comes the
mother of a daughter who disappeared
several months ago after having a quar-
rel with her husband, who appropriately
enough for the purposes of the story, is
a butcher. She declares her firm con-
viction that as the daughter has not writ-
ten home lately she must have been mur-
dered by her bloodthirsty husband, and
portions of her anatomy distributed over
the city as tokens of respect. The story
is plausible enough, but putting this and
that together—the leg and the woman—it
is made quite complete.

In the meantime, while an investigation
is on foot, the ambitious medical student
who carried home his lesson to learn over
night and let it spoil on his hands has
left a legacy of mystery that is as yet
impenetrable.

A Berry Association.

Articles of incorporation were filed with
the County Clerk yesterday by the Azusa,
Covina, Glendora Berry Association, formed
for the purpose of marketing berries for
the benefit of its stockholders and other-
wise promoting their interests. Capital
stock, \$1500; actually subscribed, \$655.
Board of directors: Eri G. Clapp, T. F.
Griswold, W. G. Hall, M. N. Overholzer
and D. Griswold. Place of business, Azusa.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
—DR.

PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free
from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

LOWMAN'S

Ladies' Sailors

Are all the rage, and will be worn more than ever
this season.

We are pleased to announce the arrival of our
first shipment of Ladies' Imported Sailors direct
from London and Stockport, England. Ours are

THE CORRECT
REAL SWELL STYLES.

And the only Imported Sailors in the city:

LOWMAN & CO.,

131 South Spring st.

Dr. Liebig & Co's World's Dispensary,

NO. 123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

The Oldest Dispensary on the Coast. Es-
tablished 25 years. In all DISEASES OF
MEN.

Not a Dollar
need be paid
UNTIL CURED.

CATARH a specialty. We cure the worst
case in two to three months.
Special Surgeon from San Francisco Dis-
pensary in constant attendance. Exami-
nations with microscope, including analysis.
FREE TO EVERYBODY. The poor treated
free from 10 to 12 Fridays.
Our long experience enables us to treat
the worst case of secret or private diseases
with ABSOLUTE CERTAINTY OF suc-
CESS.
No matter what your trouble is, come and
talk with us, you will not regret it.

123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Keep your Eye on this Place!

WADE & WADE,
Analytical Chemists and Assayers,
School of Assaying, 109 1/2 COMMERCIAL STREET.

H. JEVNE

Not only Headquarters for California Olive Oils, but also for
all other goods in the grocery line.

Cooper's Oil, quarts, 90c Durkee's Salad Dressing, large, 40c
Howland's Oil, quarts, 90c Durkee's Salad Dressing, small, 30c
Gould's Oil, quarts, 90c Bon Ami, 10c, 3 cakes, 20c

Lower quotations not only met but beaten in every line.

136-138 North Spring Street.

DR. TALCOTT & CO

THE LEADING AND ONLY

SPECIALISTS

In Southern California treating

Diseases of MEN Exclusively



To show our honesty, sincerity and ability to cure the diseases of which we
make a specialty, we require

NO MONEY
In Advance

For MEDICINE or TREATMENT, but will wait

UNTIL WE CURE YOU

We have abandoned the treatment of all diseases except Weaknesses and Diseases of
Men. We think that we thereby attain the highest possible degree of success for the
speedy, thorough and permanent cure of these cases. Our offices are the most private
and elaborate in the city, and contain every instrument and remedy known to science for
our special treatment.
Our specialty consists of the quickest, easiest and cheapest treatment of all forms of
Weakness.
Our little book on the nature and treatment of these diseases, together with rules for
diet, exercise and sleep, sent securely sealed, free. We make it part of our business to
keep all matters regarding our practice sacredly confidential.
If you want to get well, call upon us for a free consultation and examination. If we
cannot cure you no power on earth can, for we understand every feature of the diseases
of which we make a specialty.

Cor. Main and Third sts. Over Wells-Fargo Ex. Co. Private entrance on Third st.

J. T. Sheward,

113-115 N. Spring St.

FIBRE Chamois, new silks, new millinery, new notions
new underwear, new goods in every department; trade
increasing; the stocks the most complete; the prices the
lowest; that is part of the story for today. Ladies' silk
waists for the present; storm serges in the dress goods de-
partment for separate skirts is the way we attract the ladies
with new ideas; everything in the way of new ideas in the
east are quickly reflected here. More of those elegant flaw-
less wash Kai Kai silks direct from Japan to you for 40c a
yard. The conditions are changing in the far east; the
prices for all kinds of silks are advancing; still selling the
real India printed silks for 25c a yard; still selling the fine
taffetas for 50c a yard. Showing today the most elegant
line of fine taffeta silks in new designs for 75c and \$1 a
yard; they are the new ideas for waists. We are largely in-
creasing the dress goods trade; we are doubling the sales in
the notion department; we are devoting more good space to
the notion department than any three houses in the city,
and the stocks are kept in proportion; everything in no-
tions is the way we do it. The bargain counter will sell
notions much less than regular prices. Laces and em-
broideries at about half price on the bargain counter only.
Spool linen 3c, 1000 yard spool silk 50c a spool, knitting
silks in all colors 22c, baby bonnets 15c, rubber ribbon at
about half-price; muslin underwear on the bargain counter
at bargain prices; this is the way the prices go all through
the bargain counter. There is a revelation in the dress
goods prices; all-wool dress goods in choice new designs and
colorings for 50c a yard; you should see the small checks
and the mingled and mixed effects at 50c a yard; you should
see the 75c line; the wider and better goods with the rich
imported finish and the more elegant dollar goods, 50 inches
wide with a wealth of new ideas for colorings. Our dress
goods trade is showing a large increase. Storm serges 75c,
\$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 a yard.

Newberry's

We are headquarters for Pure California Olive Oil.

Howland's oil, in quarts, \$1.00 Durkee's Salad Dressing, large, 40c
Cooper's oil, in quarts, 90c Durkee's Salad Dressing, small, 30c
Gould's oil, in quarts, 90c Bon Ami, 10c, 3 cakes, 20c

216 and 218 South Spring Street.



THAT'S THE KIND MY PAPA BUYS.

You Can't
Go amiss if
you get a
package like this

It contains the genuine GOLD DUST
WASHING POWDER, a preparation
that cleans everything to which it is
applied. Cleans it with little labor,
cleans it with little expense, cleans it
without injury. It's a true friend to
every housekeeper. Genuine sold every-
where in large packages. Price 25 cents.
Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
St. Louis, Chicago, New York, Boston,
Philadelphia.

Imported Steam and Domestic Coal—Banning Company,
COLUMBIAN COAL—\$5 PER TON
TELEPHONES—35 and 131
222 South Spring Street.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE

Dugan Convicted of Assault with Intent to Kill.

The Jury in the Chittenden-Tolfree Case Find for the Defendant.

Chapman Sentenced to San Quentin for Five Years—A Jury Secured in the Duncan Libel Case.

At the Courthouse yesterday morning a number of cases were concluded, the results in one or two instances being somewhat in the nature of surprises to the parties interested. In the Criminal Court Sam M. Dugan, the ex-policeman, was convicted as charged, and John Chapman, the fugitive burglar, was sentenced to San Quentin for five years. The Chittenden-Tolfree case ended abruptly in Department Six, the court instructing the jury to find for the defendant.

At the City Hall yesterday there was little municipal business done outside the routine work of departments.

Met an Obstacle.

Water Overseer Caldwell was confronted yesterday with a serious obstacle in the repairing of the pipe supplying East Los Angeles and Boyle Heights with irrigating water.

It will be remembered that the pipe was washed away where it crosses the river, and in order to replace the part which had been washed away it was necessary to dam the river just above it and temporarily divert the stream.

Mr. Hunter, who is in charge of the work at that point, refused to permit the river being diverted as intended, and it was necessary to arrange to conduct it in another direction while the repairs are being made. This will cause some delay in making the repairs, but it is stated that there is no immediate prospect of suffering because of lack of water in the conduit.

City Hall Notes.

Police Justice Morrison reports for the month of February the collection of fines amounting to \$832.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Public Works this morning. Matters proposed for consideration are: widening of street grading and sidewalk repairs.

Mayor Rader has signed the ordinance intended to call a bond election for extensions, purchase of land for headwaters for a waterworks system and other purposes.

The Street Superintendent has accepted the sewer work done by P. M. Darcy in the district lying west of the city, between Ninth and Washington streets.

AT THE COURTHOUSE.

The Courts.

AN CONVICTED OF ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO MURDER.

The trial of the case against Sam M. Dugan, upon the charge of having assaulted Robert E. Lee, a brother police officer, with intent to commit murder, on December 25 last, was concluded in Department Five yesterday afternoon, the defendant being convicted as charged.

Whole of the morning session was occupied by W. H. Shinn, Esq., in arguing the case on behalf of his client, with the purpose of inducing the jury to return a verdict of guilty of assault with a deadly weapon, or simple assault.

McKiney, Deputy District Attorney, who was called to the stand to testify, testified that body returned into court with a verdict of guilty as charged, whereupon Dugan was remanded to the County Jail and ordered to appear for sentence on Monday next.

Mr. Dugan and his little daughter were present during the closing scene of the trial and an address was issued upon the return of the verdict.

CHITTENDEN'S CLAIM IS CONTROVERTED.

In Department Six yesterday afternoon the trial of the big damage suit instituted by L. E. Chittenden against J. H. Tolfree, alleged persecution, came to an abrupt conclusion, the jury, acting under the instructions of the court, finding for the defendant without leaving his assets.

Five witnesses were examined for the defense during the morning session and one or two more in the afternoon, and after plaintiff's counsel moved the motion to dismiss the case, Judge McKiney promptly granted the motion.

McKiney, Deputy District Attorney, who was called to the stand to testify, testified that body returned into court with a verdict of guilty as charged, whereupon Dugan was remanded to the County Jail and ordered to appear for sentence on Monday next.

JURY SECURED IN THE DUNCAN LIBEL SUIT.

The trial of the \$20,000 damage suit instituted by Blanton Duncan against the Evening Express Company for the publication of an alleged libel on August 1 last was commenced before Judge McKiney in Department Six yesterday afternoon. Amos Wright, Esq., appearing for the plaintiff and Henry T. Gage, Esq., for the defendant.

Owing to the fact that the court was engaged with the Chittenden case, it was 3:30 o'clock before this case was reached, and the remainder of the day's session was, therefore, consumed in securing a jury to try it. The twelve jurors accepted and sworn to by the court at 4:30 o'clock the matter went over until this morning. This is the action brought by Blanton Duncan to recover damages for the publication of a sensational article to the effect that an East Los Angeles girl named Floyd had fled to the mountains on account of certain prophecies alleged to have been made by her in a semi-weekly paper which he published at the time.

SENT TO HIGHLANDS.

In accordance with the recommendation of Drs. Machin and Davidson, the commissioners by whom he was examined, Martin D. Houck, a native of California, 40 years of age, was duly adjudged insane and committed to the State Asylum at Highlands by Judge York yesterday afternoon.

Houck recently arrived from San Jose where he was engaged in the lumber business, and after a protracted spree was arrested by the police, his actions indicating that it was not safe for him to be at large. It was at first supposed that he was merely suffering from an attack of delirium tremens, but this theory was dissipated by Houck's symptoms after a course of medical treatment, and as his mania tends to suicide, restraint was deemed necessary. The unfortunate man imagines that he is a reporter and insists that the officials at the County Jail should be written up for chopping off the heads of prisoners.

Court Notes.

John Chapman, who was recently convicted of the burglary of a meat market at Pomona, on January 6 last, appeared

before Judge Shaw yesterday morning to receive sentence, and was ordered imprisoned in the State Prison at San Quentin for the term of five years.

Upon motion of the District Attorney, informations were filed in Department One yesterday charging Walter Boydston with burglary, and J. J. McCarthy with an assault with intent to commit murder, and both defendants were ordered to appear for arraignment thereon this morning.

Judge Smith yesterday morning heard and granted the application of Mrs. Nellie Nichols for a decree divorcing her from A. L. Nichols, upon the ground of his failure to provide for her, by default.

The case of Mrs. Winifred R. Hunt vs. Marie Spittler, a minor, came up for hearing before Judge Clark yesterday morning, and an interlocutory decree was ordered for the partition of the property in controversy, by the terms of which it was provided that the plaintiff was entitled to three-quarters of the land, and the defendant to one-quarter. A. A. Hubbard, A. E. Pomeroy and O. T. Johnson were appointed by the court as referees in partition.

Judge York yesterday morning tried the case of C. R. McCombs vs. C. F. Munson, an action to recover \$112 alleged to be due for labor performed and services rendered, which was appealed from the Township Justice's court, and ordered judgment for the plaintiff to the sum of \$64.80, thereby affirming that of the lower court.

In Department Four yesterday afternoon the trial of the case of E. W. Dickenson vs. John C. Cilpe et al., an action to recover \$1,000, which it was alleged had been illegally attached by the sheriff, was concluded, Judge Van Dyke ordering judgment for the defendant thereon.

The final argument in the case of Mrs. Fanny Carney vs. the Supreme Tent of the Knights of Maccabees of the World, an action to recover \$2000 upon an insurance policy, was concluded in Department Four yesterday afternoon, and the matter submitted to Judge Van Dyke for decision.

The case of A. S. Marshall vs. G. H. Bollinger, an action to determine conflicting claims to two lots in the city of Los Angeles, was concluded before Judge Shaw yesterday afternoon, and resulted in judgment for the defendant.

Court Commissioner Hollins filed his report in the case of Lyons et al. vs. Marchoer et al., with Judge McKiney yesterday, but upon motion of counsel for the defendants further hearing of the matter was deferred until Monday, March 13 next.

Judge McKiney formally released James P. Towell, J. W. A. Ott and H. J. Woodland from their liability as sureties on the official bond of County Treasurer T. J. Fleming, in accordance with the stipulation filed in connection with their application.

W. G. Cochran also filed a formal notice of his desire to be legally discharged from liability as a surety on the same bond. A supplemental bond with other sureties was filed about a month ago.

A complaint was filed in the Township Court yesterday charging John Cummings with having disturbed the peace of W. H. Gilbert at El Monte on February 21 last, and a warrant issued by Justice Young upon which Cummings was subsequently arrested by Deputy Constable De la Monte.

United States Commissioner Van Dyke yesterday for preliminary examination upon the charge of having mailed an obscene letter to Mrs. Henry Smart on January 30 last, and was held to answer thereto under bonds in the sum of \$1000.

New Suits.

Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new cases:

H. A. Gruwell vs. City of Los Angeles, an action to determine conflicting claims to a tract of land on Alameda street, being a part of what was formerly known as the Laughlin vineyard.

Wells, Fargo & Co. et al. vs. Frank Dowling et al., an action to determine the respective claims of the thirteen defendants to the \$1300 reward offered for the arrest of the Roscoe train robbers.

T. J. White et al. vs. R. L. Lotz et al., an action to recover \$1025, the unpaid balance of a tract of land which was subsequently found to be incumbered by a mortgage for \$20,000.

POMONA.

A Young Bicycle Rider's Feet—Street Paving Discussion.

POMONA, March 7.—(Special Correspondence.) There is one thing that has been talked about already as a result of the adverse comment upon the action of the Board of Trustees in awarding the contract for paving Second street, along the six blocks included between Parvells street on the west and Louisa street on the east, as has been hinted heretofore in these columns, is the fact that the board is so doing.

Local officers have nabbed one of the tramps that formerly entered the Bryan residence, mentioned in the Times notes from Pomona this morning, helping them to get out of the city, and a hat, and Officer Slanker and Lorber think they have nabbed the other one at Pomona. The case will come up before Judge Barnes either late this afternoon or Friday morning.

A jaunty-looking tall, to which was attached four large fags, passed through Pomona with some dozen or more occupants from East San Gabriel, headed toward China and its famous beer-sugar region.

A brave and successful undertaking—that of bicycling alone from Cucamonga to Pomona—has just been accomplished by a little thirteen-year-old girl, Eunice, daughter of Dr. Reed of that place.

Mr. and Mrs. John Johnston of this city now have a niece, Miss Taylor of "Prisco," who was born on this morning's No. 19, visiting them.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Owens were among the Pomona passengers to the "Titus" Fair this morning.

J. W. Tischer was down from the foothill region north of Pomona this morning, and in a conversation with him he was heard to say that the prettiest, brightest and cleanest oranges he had seen in this valley since his residence of several years here now to be seen on his ranch, or any of these similarly located, that make him very busy with his force putting out several more acres to orchard.

Mrs. Willard L. Goodwin is en route from her recent visit East to her Pomona home.

The cornice work and ornaments now being put upon the new Hansler-Rutan Block are getting a good word from the public in general.

Both sides of Garey avenue between the Southern Pacific track and Holt avenue, now present a busy scene of workmen and material.

On every residence lot and grounds can now be seen some kind of improvement progressing in the way of beautifying the same. The good housewives are in it heart and hand.

William Harrison.

Will William Harrison, who was last heard of at Los Angeles, Cal., call upon or communicate with the receiver of the Stuyvesant San Diego Railway Co., Nos. 1 and 3 Third avenue, New York city.

Notice to the Public.

Call and have a talk with C. H. Brown and E. H. Fisher, architects, Nos. 515 to 517 Stimson building, before ordering your plans. We are never too busy to serve our clients.

BLOOD oranges, Ruby and Malta. Lyon & Cobbe, No. 440 South Broadway.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, March 7, 1895.

(Figures in parentheses, unless otherwise stated, show volume and page of miscellaneous records containing recorded maps.)

George B. Drakenfeld et ux to Guy B. Barham, lot 34 and part lot 35, subdivision lot 1, block 27, Hancock's survey, 4-45, \$10.

Frank D. Stevens to Elmo C. Daniels, 20 acres in S.W. 1/4 of Sec. 12, T. 2 S., R. 14 W., S. 1/2, 4-45, \$10.

Eliza M. White to Emily J. Kimble, lots 5, 7, 9 and 11, block 58, Long Beach (18-91), \$250.

John A. Conroy to J. F. Conroy, undivided 1/4 interest in 150 acres, Cienega rancho (17-20), \$5.

William T. Hills et ux to Charlotte B. Thompson, lots 8 and 10, E. A. Dugan's subdivision, Pasadena, 4-1.

Clara J. Morgan to W. L. Preston, lot 120, Hafen tract (34-28), \$5.

John Burr, Sheriff, to S. P. Mulford, agent for George W. Banta, lots 9, 10, 11 and 13, Amos Wright's subdivision, Pasadena (26-70), \$60.

S. P. Mulford, agent, to Mary G. Banta, quitclaim deed for property last above described, \$1.

Rosamond Banta, guardian of George W. Banta, to Mary G. Banta, lots 45 and 46, Raymond tract (24-30), \$25.

John A. Conroy to J. F. Conroy, undivided 1/4 interest in 150 acres, Cienega rancho (17-20), \$5.

James E. Peters et ux to H. G. Anderson, part of SW 1/4 sec. 1, T. 2 S., R. 14 W., \$1250.

James E. Peters et ux to J. B. Giese, part of SW 1/4 sec. 1, T. 2 S., R. 14 W., \$1250.

James W. Browne to May T. Johnson, lot 18, block 4, Hayes tract (25-37), \$675.

G. O. Moore et ux to M. D. Dwyer, lots 2, 3, 4 and 6, block 1, Ivanhoe (17-55), \$180.

Martha Wheelock to J. F. Conroy, undivided 1/4 interest in 150 acres, Cienega rancho (17-20), \$5.

West Depot Addition tract (24-39), \$500.

W. W. Pinner et ux to John Nelson, lots 25 and 26, West Depot Addition tract (24-39), \$500.

Mary Schlesinger to John Nelson, lot 29, West Depot Addition tract (24-39), \$500.

John Nelson to W. W. Pinner, lot 28, West Depot Addition tract (24-39), \$500.

Blenda Young to B. B. Long, lot 13, Blenda Young tract (64-48), \$90.

R. Brown et ux to Lucile Linkletter and John H. Linkletter, land in town of Downey, \$4000.

Lulu M. Amick to Mrs. E. V. Sutton, lot 16, Bancroft tract (22-37), \$1.

R. F. House et ux to F. R. Webster, lot 40, block A, Fave tract (25-37), \$675.

W. A. Adams to J. H. Adams, lots 1, 2 and 3, Hartwell & Loughrey's subdivision, \$180.

S. P. Hedderston to T. N. Moore, lot 24, block 4, Long Beach, \$250.

John A. Conroy to J. F. Conroy, undivided 1/4 interest in 150 acres, Cienega rancho (17-20), \$5.

W. A. Adams to J. H. Adams, lots 1, 2 and 3, Hartwell & Loughrey's subdivision, \$180.

Samuel Barlow to Hugh Haney, lot 20, block 104, East Los Angeles, \$1.

F. W. Wood et al. executors estate P. Beaudry, to Frank M. Erwin, lot 38, block 9, Park tract, \$500.

Sarah G. Wood to Cordelia E. Holdredge, lot 1, block 45, Electric Railway Association tract, \$300.

George Stinbaugh to Mary R. Stinbaugh, lot 10, Wiesendanger City tract, \$3000.

George E. Bell to L. Spencer, lot on Ramona street, city, \$250.

John H. Bonebrake to H. H. McCutcheon, lots 15 and 16, block 1, in map known as "Young's Land to William Hume, 10.33 acres in Rancho Ballona, 31.

Harry P. Burke to Adore Dockweiler, lots 5 and 7, block E, Day Star tract, \$100.

HAWTHORNE'S ART.

His English Always Pure and His Style Simple and Noble.

(St. Nicholas.) At intervals since Hawthorne's death all the writings he left behind him have been published one after another—his private letters, the note-books he kept irregularly in America and in Europe, and the seven efforts he made to shape the story he finally left unfinished when he died. But the publication of these things never intended for the public has not interfered with his fame; though they did not add to the writings he left behind him, they have been published one after another—his private letters, the note-books he kept irregularly in America and in Europe, and the seven efforts he made to shape the story he finally left unfinished when he died. 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HOUSE AND LOT

The Side Streets Coming into Favor.

Complaint that Eastern Visitors are not so Numerous as Before.

North Broadway and Twenty-first Street—Central Avenue—Proposed Improvement of Parks.

The past week has been a comparatively quiet one to real estate circles, and few transactions of much importance have been closed. As was prophesied in The Times several weeks ago, the very high prices that have been asked for Broadway property have had the effect of driving business on other streets. Several deals are under way on Main and Spring streets. These streets certainly offer better inducements to judicious investors just at present than does South Broadway, at prices which are now asked for property on that street.

The latest sale of importance on South Broadway is one that has already been reported in The Times of 120 feet on the southeast corner of Broadway and Sixth, which was sold by J. D. Leach to the Wilson Story, a millionaire from Montana, who has already invested a large amount of money in Los Angeles. The price paid was \$55,000, including two brick buildings, which is at the rate of something less than \$400 a foot, not including the improvements. This is not a record, but it figures as prices on Broadway are going.

NORTH BROADWAY.
In connection with the subject of opening North Broadway, it has been suggested that it would be a good idea to make a radical improvement of it and cut down the entire hill between North Broadway and New High streets. It is urged in favor of this proposition that the site would become good business property, worth several times what it is at present, and that the ground at this point being composed of the finest kind of gravel, would pay for more than the cost of removing it. Before such a radical improvement could be attempted, it would be necessary to have a thorough agreement among the property-owners interested. In any case, it is high time that North Broadway should be opened in some manner, and without further delay. At present the tunnel proposition seems to be most feasible.

A THIRD-STREET SALE.
The high prices that are asked for property on North Broadway are having the effect of bringing property on the side streets into market, and at good prices. An important sale of this character was made during the past week, the property consisting of a corner lot on Third and Third, between Broadway and Spring, the residence of Dr. French, forty-seven and one-half feet front, which has been sold to Jerry Hinch. The price paid was \$30,000. This is at the rate of about \$600 a front foot, which is certainly a very good price for property on a side street, and shows that although the market may be temporarily tight, there is no lack of confidence. Mr. Hinch will at once proceed with the erection of a two-story building on this lot, which will be used for restaurant purposes.

EASTERN PEOPLE.
There is a general complaint that the number of Eastern people in Los Angeles at present is not nearly so great as it has been at this season for the last year or two. The truth of this statement has been proved by the attendance on the Citrus Fair. The managers of that enterprise have had much to say about the character as well as the numerical strength of the attendance. They have assured themselves that there is a great falling off in the attendance of Eastern people from the fact that whereas in previous years the majority of the money taken in at the door has been from the East, this year only a very small percentage of the receipts were in paper money. It is claimed by those who have been to the fair that there are many Eastern people in Southern California as usual, but that they are more scattered over the country, there being quite a number of them at Santa Barbara, Riverside, San Diego and other points. Another encouraging feature is that travel from the East to Southern California is no longer entirely a winter thing, but extends throughout the entire year. Eastern people are beginning to understand that while the climate of Southern California is not so perfect as that of some of them used to suppose, a tropical climate during the summer, but, on the contrary, anywhere within twenty miles of the coast is much cooler than that of any section east of the mountains.

TWENTY-FIRST STREET.
Among the residence sections of this city which are being rapidly transformed is that along Twenty-first street, near the city limits. Mention was made in this column several months ago, that the late W. Paine, formerly of Chicago, had bought a small tract at the corner of Union and Twenty-first streets, on which he was about to build eight fine two-story houses. He has already put in the foundations, walks, graded Twenty-first street from Union avenue to Hoover street, built three fine houses and commenced another. In order to make the property more attractive to the city, and make sure that no objectionable buildings are erected in the vicinity, John Wadsworth, a Chicago capitalist, has bought the lot, and W. Paine is to build the houses. They will erect twenty attractive two-story houses, ranging in price from \$10,000 to \$20,000. The property is accessible to three lines of street cars. These houses are to be built and furnished in Eastern style, with good cellars, furnaces, etc.

CENTRAL AVENUE.
A gentleman who is looking over the city for the purpose of selecting a place of residence was asked whether he had seen the Central-avenue section. He said he would not care to live there because it was too low, and all the sewage ran down this street. This is a common mistaken idea which is entertained by a good many people, although its erroneous character has frequently been shown. The fact is that Central avenue, at a distance from the business center, is thirty feet or more higher than Figueroa street at the same distance out, while the soil is of such a porous character that it is dry a few hours after a heavy rainstorm. The southwestern section of the city is the lowest part of the city in elevation, which is proved by the fact that the sewer system of the city runs to this point.

THE PROPOSED PARK IMPROVEMENTS.
The proposed issue of bonds for the improvement of the parks, which it is generally expected will be approved by the voters, is already having the effect of driving business toward property that is located in the neighborhood of the park. Mr. Meserve, the Park Superintendent, has outlined a comprehensive plan of improvement, especially in the case of Elysian Park. It includes the setting out of eighteen acres of flower garden in one compact tract, including roses, carnations, cypripediums, tuberoses and gladioli, making a sight that would cause the eyes of Eastern visitors to pop out when they see it blooming at about Christmas time. Eastern cities which have far less facilities for the creation of beautiful parks than Los Angeles, are doing much in this direction. The city of Cleveland is one of the largest parks with wide, connecting boulevards, which would be called one large park six miles long, within convenient reach of all parts of the city. Cleveland has

long been distinguished for beautifying its streets and squares, and it seems to pay for its material and artistic expenditure, for it is growing more rapidly than any other city in the State.

A TERRA INCOGNITA.
Apropos of Elysian Park, there is a section of hill country within the city limits west of the park which practically unknown to ninety-twenty-five of the residents of the city, although it embraces a section two or three square miles in area, is within the city limits and within less than two miles of the geographical center of the city. With the exception of a few groves of eucalyptus trees these hills are in the same condition as they were when the foundation of the pueblo Los Angeles was laid. They are covered at present with a luxuriant growth of native grasses, among which are found scores of varieties of beautiful wild flowers. The bluffs in the trees and there is not the faintest sign to indicate the proximity of a large city. In fact, one might easily imagine one's self to be about one hundred miles from "anywhere." The hills are the highest in the city, although they could all be cultivated. The view from the summits of the highest hills is grand in the extreme, taking in a stretch of country extending from Old Baldy to the San Fernando Valley. The valley of the Los Angeles River, including Tropic, Glendale, Burbank and other colonies is spread out like a map, and more of the ocean is to be seen, shining like a mirror in the distance, than from any other point in the neighborhood of Los Angeles. These hills lie within the frostless belt and are well adapted for the raising of winter vegetables. Potatoes weighing over two pounds apiece that were raised on them have been sent to the Chamber of Commerce. They are also valuable for raising eucalyptus fuel and probably not less than 100 acres are planted with gum trees. Many of these hills would make ideal sites for suburban residences and as soon as the transportation facilities are better they will certainly be greatly sought after. At present the only way to reach this section is by vehicle or on foot. It seems strange to find out of this character within a few hours walk of the Courthouse selling for \$200 or \$300 per acre.

THE WESTERN SUBURBS.
Residents in the western part of the city, between Temple and Seventh streets, are looking for something in the shape of a boom in the near future, owing to the prospect of a double-track electric railway, franchises for which have been secured by O. Ivers, John S. Maltman, John Kenney, Richard Dillon and Henry T. Hazard. The franchise is asked on "West First street from Bonnie Rae street to the west city limits." All the petitioners are large property-owners in the western part of the city and suburbs, and they have secured the co-operation generally of the property-owners in the section in that it is a bona fide enterprise and means much to the western hills, especially along West First street. The object is to improve the communication between the western suburb and the city, and the central portion of the city. It is hoped to get an early connection with the valley dummy line which runs through Hollywood and on to Laurel Canyon.

A LARGE FRUIT FARM.
There is a fairly good demand for country property, especially that which is adapted to fruit-raising. Dr. Denmore, who is the American leader of the fruit-raising movement, has secured a good many converts during the past year, is about to make a practical application of the fruitarian theory by purchasing a tract of 100 acres of land which he has just purchased in Alamitos ranch back of Long Beach. Southern California is certainly an ideal section for those who wish to live on fruit and nuts and it is unlikely that the conversion of these people will be formed in this section.

OF INTEREST TO TAXPAYERS.
The Supreme Court of the State rendered a decision a few days ago which is of much interest to taxpayers. The decision was one affirming the judgment of the lower court in the case of the Los Angeles Light Company against the City of Los Angeles. There was an action brought to restrain the city from awarding a contract for a street improvement on the ground that a protest of a majority of the property-owners of the block had been filed. The injunction was granted and the city was enjoined from awarding the contract. It was contended by the appellant that the protest was worthless, because the signatures were those of several co-tenants and that the city had no authority to do any act affecting the interest of the others. The Supreme Court held that the signatures were those of co-tenants and that it was not shown that other co-tenants did not agree with him. It was also held that when a protest was signed by an agent of the property-owner it was necessary for the document to show that the agent had received proper authority.

A CHICAGO TRICK.
The following anecdote, which is contributed by a real estate man to the United States Investor, reveals the real character of the Chicago speculator rather than anything of the kind that was tried here, even at the height of the boom. "There is probably nothing short of the Bellamy millennium and the demonization of money that will ever induce what is called the 'smart American' to abstain from ways that are dusty and tricks that are vain, and made a living honestly and obscurely, instead of coming before the public as a private benefactor to himself at the expense of 'real estate lams.'"

"One of these 'smart Allicks' bought, borrowed, stole, or only went and made a lot of money in a single piece of the Chicago wild land, and after plotting it out to his satisfaction, proceeded to advertise the lots for sale for the insignificant sum of \$100. The lots were sold for \$100. The 'lams' flocked in and gave up their money, congratulating themselves on getting the lots so cheap, as building lots in the city were selling for \$100 to \$200. It was not until after all had been sold that some inquisitive 'cuss' discovered that the lots sold were 30 by 100 inches instead of 30 by 100 feet. When the matter was brought to the attention of the seller, he replied that all the purchasers had to do was to organize into a cemetery association, and each one would have a sufficient lot for all his final needs at a reasonable price, as cemetery lots go."

BUILDING.
Business in the building line is more lively than ever and it is quite a difficult matter to keep track of the numerous solid improvements that are being made from one end of the city to the other.

During the month of February the Superintendent of Buildings issued 171 permits, amounting to \$261,553, viz: One hundred and thirty-two new buildings, \$253,740; Thirty-one alterations, \$5,775; Ten sheds, stables, etc., \$1,118; Eight removals, \$1,120.

Total \$261,553.

The Builder and Contractor notes the following uncontracted new work: Plans are being prepared for a three-story brick block for A. M. Hough, to be erected on Broadway near First street; cost, \$15,000.

Richard Green is about to erect an eleven-room frame residence on Olive street between Tenth and Eleventh streets; cost, \$2500.

Plans are being drawn for a ten-room colonial dwelling for Dr. Beckett, to be built on Ottawa street near Pearl street; cost, \$2000.

Mr. Buchanan is about to build a two-story nine-room dwelling on Union avenue and Eleventh street; cost, \$2800.

John Kiefer will build a two-story brick block on Upper Main street; cost, \$25,000.

Plans are being drawn for a forty-four-

room hotel, to be built on Hill street. It will be three stories high.

Plans are being drawn for a dwelling for Mrs. Adams, to be built on Adams street; cost, \$2000.

Mrs. Becker will build a two-story dwelling; cost, \$2000.

BUILDING PERMITS.
The following are among the permits issued by the City Superintendent of Buildings:

J. J. Vosburgh, dwelling, No. 1020 Pearl, \$2000.

William Hoch, dwelling, Lovelace avenue, between Twenty-first and Washington streets, \$3400.

Samuel McCarthy, dwelling, Twenty-eighth street, between Griffith and Central avenues, \$2300.

William Osborne, brick building, No. 317 West Fifth street, \$2000.

H. E. C. Webb, two-story dwelling, Thirty-sixth street, between Main street and Maple avenue, \$3000.

Mrs. H. S. Fudicker, addition to dwelling, northeast corner Seventh and Los Angeles streets, \$2700.

Henry Merz, two-story frame lodging-house, Hewitt street, between First and Second, \$2500.

Fred Phillips, dwelling, Burlington avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, \$5000.

LA FIESTA.

INTIMATION OF WHAT THE PROGRAMME WILL BE.

Various Committees Feel Encouraged by Their Progress—Interest is Growing in Outside Places. Secret Societies.

Carnival time is drawing on apace. Only five weeks remain until April 15, when La Fiesta de Los Angeles will begin. The arrangements for the big celebration, while not complete, have assumed tangible shape, and the remaining weeks of preparation will put on the finishing touches to the most elaborate week of entertainments and amusement ever created in the West.

The interest in the carnival season is widespread. It has received the cordial encouragement, not only of Los Angeles citizens, but of those of Southern California, and, indeed, of the entire State, notably of San Francisco, which city will participate. This interest extends outside of California, and many people in Eastern States, whose attention has been called to the event, are planning to visit Los Angeles in time to witness its festivities.

A summary of the programme for the week, as far as completed at the present time, will be of interest. The dates and arrangement of the different street pageants is not absolutely determined, and are subject to change, but the general programme is more thoroughly appraised of the extent of some of them.

The arrangements for the opening day of the carnival, Monday, April 15, are settled. They will consist of the royal reception of Her Majesty the Queen, the Queen of Angels, and her brilliant train of Southern California maids of honor. This will occur during the day, but the formal installation of the carnival government will occur at Hazard's Pavilion at night.

On Monday afternoon and every afternoon during the week except Friday, there will be running races at Agricultural Park. It being one of the most important race meetings ever held in the State outside of San Francisco.

Tuesday has been set apart, subject to change, for a day parade of the "Pageant of the Pacific," which embraces the series of official feasts of the fiesta. With it may appear the pageant representative of Southern, Central and Northern California cities, trades and manufactures, secret and fraternal organizations. The grand massed concert is set for Tuesday night at Hazard's Pavilion.

Wednesday is international day, upon which will appear in parade the military, different national military companies and organizations, the gorgeous Chinese display (if they decide to participate), the Chinese pageant, and the city and visiting fire chiefs of the West.

Wednesday night, it is planned at present to present the illuminated Pageant of the Pacific, a spectacular event of surpassing brilliancy.

The children have Thursday, when the school pupils will parade 10,000 strong, giving a stirring illustration of the civilization of the present.

At night the carnival mask ball will take place at the Pavilion, and the arrangements are perfect for making it a very brilliant event.

Friday is floral day, it is arranged with a parade and Battle of Roses, that even now the committee is preparing to display a superb display of the floral wealth of the country, and excite the most intense admiration of all who see it. The second concert is set for Friday night.

The parade according to the present arrangements, close on Friday, and the last day of the carnival is a season of general merriment, with races in the afternoon, the burlesque tournament of sport at Athletic Park at night and the revels of masks.

In conversation yesterday with a member of the Southern California committee, he stated that the committee was much pleased with the plans of co-operation by various cities. They are reasonably certain of participation at San Diego, Pasadena and Mt. Lowe, Riverside, Pomona, Orange county, Redondo, San Pedro, Ventura, San Bernardino and Redlands.

The committee is now in communication with Fresno, Ontario, Corvina, Azusa, Long Beach and Duarte, Arcadia, Downey, Long Beach, Santa Monica, Anaheim, Fullerton, Santa Monica, Glendale, San Jacinto, Temecula, Elsinore, San Juan Capistrano and Chino, trusting that the committee will be able to secure the thriving cities which will join with their neighbors in enhancing the brilliant representation of Southern California cities.

The Commercial and Mercantile Societies held a meeting last night at which lists of lodges of fraternal societies in Southern California were presented, and arrangements made for sending them requests to participate in the fiesta celebration.

MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.
Resolutions of Condolence Occasioned by the Death of a Member.
A meeting of the directors of the Los Angeles Merchants' Association was held yesterday afternoon. President J. O. Koepf, Secretary J. E. Waldeck and Directors Max Meyerberg, H. Jenne, W. C. Bluest, S. B. Lewis, M. H. Newmark and J. S. Salter were present.

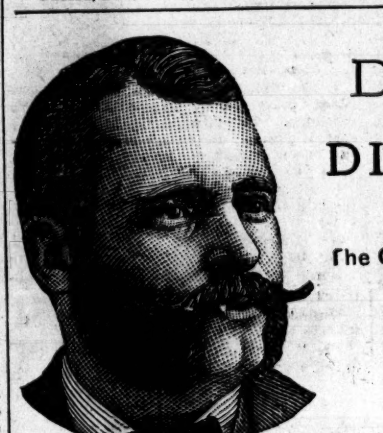
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Notice

OF Executor's Sale of Real Estate.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in pursuance of an order of the superior court of the county of Los Angeles, state of California, made on the 1st day of March, A.D. 1895, in the matter of the estate of Bertha E. Sigler, deceased, the undersigned, the executor, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder for cash, gold coin of the United States, and subject to confirmation by said superior court, on or after Tuesday, the 12th day of March, 1895, at 12 o'clock m., at the office of Wells & Lee, rooms 11 to 13, Baker Block, Los Angeles, Cal., all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Bertha E. Sigler at the time of her death, and all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Bertha E. Sigler in addition to that of the said Bertha E. Sigler at the time of her death, in and to all certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, state of California, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: 11.41 feet fronting on West Seventh street, by 185.5 feet on West Eighth street, bounded on the west by the lands of Sarah Stewart and R. H. Howell, and on the east by the land of C. H. Bush, then west line measuring 51.5 feet and the east line 46.25 feet, measuring only to line of streets as now laid out, and part of lot 8, block 57, Hancock's survey.

Terms and conditions of sale: Cash, gold coin of the United States, or the purchase money to be paid to the executor and executor on the day of sale, balance of confirmation of sale by order of the court, to be addressed to the undersigned and held in trust for the executor. Bids or offers in writing to purchase the above property may be addressed to the undersigned at the office of Wells & Lee, rooms 11 to 13, Baker Block, Los Angeles, Cal., and the first publication of this notice and before the sale.

FREDERICK PEARL SIGLER, HARRY FRANK SIGLER, Executors, and LILLIAN GRACE SIGLER, Testamentary Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Bertha E. Sigler, deceased.

Wells & Lee, Attorneys for Executors and Executor.

Notice

OF Real Estate at Public Auction.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in pursuance of an order of the superior court of the county of Los Angeles, state of California, made on the 2nd day of November, 1894, in the matter of the estate of Luca Sciacchi, deceased, the undersigned, the executor, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, gold coin of the United States, and subject to confirmation by said superior court, on Monday, the 18th day of March, 1895, at ten o'clock a.m., at the main door (Broadway entrance) of the Arcade Depot, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Luca Sciacchi at the time of his death, and all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Luca Sciacchi in and to all certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, state of California, and bounded and described as follows: 1. A lot situated in the city and county of Los Angeles, state of California, and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point in the south line of the street where the eastern line of the lot of Charles Owens strikes the said line of said street, thence along said line of said street, thence south 25 1/2 degrees east 120 feet to a point, thence south 62 degrees and six (6) inches to a point in said line of San Pedro street, thence south 25 1/2 degrees east 120 feet to a point, thence north 68 degrees west 120 feet to a point, thence along the line of lot of Charles Owens to the point of beginning, and being the same property described in the deed recorded in book 57 of deeds, page 355, Los Angeles county records, excepting therefrom containing 120 feet of said lot, 120 feet, 120 feet on First street by a depth of forty-four feet, sold to Zellner and Note by deed recorded in book 57 of deeds, page 355, Los Angeles county records.

2. A lot situated in the city and county of Los Angeles, state of California, described as lot No. 6, in block C, of the subdivision of lot 2 in block 80, Hancock's survey of Los Angeles city.

3. Three lots in the city of Santa Monica, Los Angeles county, state of California, described as lots D, E and F, in block 172 of Santa Monica, as shown on a map recorded in book 3 of maps, page 30, and recorded in the records of Los Angeles county.

Terms and conditions of sale: Cash, gold coin of the United States, or the purchase money to be paid to the executor on the day of sale, balance of confirmation of sale by order of the superior court, to be addressed to the executor.

Deed at expense of purchaser.

Los Angeles, Cal., January 25, 1895.

FRANCIS MORA, Executor of the Estate of Luca Sciacchi, deceased.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY—
"IN EFFECT"
MONDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1895.

Leave Los Angeles for	Leave Los Angeles for
7:35 am..... Pasadena..... 7:15 am	7:15 am..... Pasadena..... 7:35 am
7:40 am..... "..... 7:20 am	7:20 am..... "..... 7:40 am
8:00 am..... "..... 7:40 am	7:40 am..... "..... 8:00 am
8:20 am..... "..... 7:55 am	7:55 am..... "..... 8:20 am
8:40 am..... "..... 8:15 am	8:15 am..... "..... 8:40 am
9:00 am..... "..... 8:35 am	8:35 am..... "..... 9:00 am
9:20 am..... "..... 8:55 am	8:55 am..... "..... 9:20 am
9:40 am..... "..... 9:15 am	9:15 am..... "..... 9:40 am
10:00 am..... "..... 9:35 am	9:35 am..... "..... 10:00 am
10:20 am..... "..... 9:55 am	9:55 am..... "..... 10:20 am
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12:00 pm..... "..... 11:35 am	11:35 am..... "..... 12:00 pm
12:20 pm..... "..... 11:55 am	11:55 am..... "..... 12:20 pm
12:40 pm..... "..... 12:15 pm	12:15 pm..... "..... 12:40 pm
1:00 pm..... "..... 12:35 pm	12:35 pm..... "..... 1:00 pm
1:20 pm..... "..... 12:55 pm	12:55 pm..... "..... 1:20 pm
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1:55 pm..... "..... 1:30 pm	1:30 pm..... "..... 1:55 pm
2:10 pm..... "..... 1:45 pm	1:45 pm..... "..... 2:10 pm
2:25 pm..... "..... 1:55 pm	1:55 pm..... "..... 2:25 pm
2:40 pm..... "..... 2:10 pm	2:10 pm..... "..... 2:40 pm
2:55 pm..... "..... 2:25 pm	2:25 pm..... "..... 2:55 pm
3:10 pm..... "..... 2:40 pm	2:40 pm..... "..... 3:10 pm
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4:25 pm..... "..... 3:55 pm	3:55 pm..... "..... 4:25 pm
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5:40 pm..... "..... 5:10 pm	5:10 pm..... "..... 5:40 pm
5:55 pm..... "..... 5:25 pm	5:25 pm..... "..... 5:55 pm
6:10 pm..... "..... 5:40 pm	5:40 pm..... "..... 6:10 pm
6:25 pm..... "..... 5:55 pm	5:55 pm..... "..... 6:25 pm
6:40 pm..... "..... 6:10 pm	6:10 pm..... "..... 6:40 pm
6:55 pm..... "..... 6:25 pm	6:25 pm..... "..... 6:55 pm
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7:55 pm..... "..... 7:25 pm	7:25 pm..... "..... 7:55 pm
8:10 pm..... "..... 7:40	



CITY BRIEFS.

Breaks all records for prices: The New York consignment sale of lace, embroideries and handkerchiefs. New, handsome and exquisite designs at 25, 33 and 50 per cent. off the usual prices; an opportunity that may not occur again in years. We also place on sale today 100 of the celebrated New York stem-wind and set neck watches; 50,000 of them sold at the World's Fair at \$4; they are perfect and accurate time pieces. Just the watch for mechanics, engineers, conductors and boys. Special price today, \$1.75. Burger's, No. 235 South Spring street, between Second and Third.

A large sectional map of the nine southern counties of California, elegantly mounted, given away with one year's subscription to the Daily Times, or with one year's subscription to the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror, and \$1 additional.

Only today and one day more of the greatest and most beautiful Citrus Fair ever put up in this country; Cassa's band, twenty-five cents.

Yes, we sell new \$65 "No Treadle" sewing machines for \$20, warranted. No agents. No high rent. "No Treadle," No. 750 South Olive street.

For tally-ho rides to Pasadena, Baldwin's ranch and San Gabriel Mission, register your name at the St. George stables, No. 510 South Broadway.

Fifty cents round trip on Terminal Railway to Long Beach and San Pedro, Good going Saturday and Sunday, returning Monday.

Be sure and attend the fire sale at the Golden Rule Bazaar, 347 1/2 South Spring street, between Second and Third streets.

Kregelo & Bree, funeral directors, corner Sixth and Broadway. Open day and night. Lady attendant. Telephone No. 243.

Tonight at the Citrus Fair there will be an auction sale of the finest premium fruit. Buy a box and send it East.

The "Uvedale March" will be played this afternoon by Cassa's band. It is a special number. Hear it.

Stables, tiles, office fittings, hardwood lumber, H. Dohman, No. 514 South Spring.

Railstones will find pure bread at Mrs. Freeman's, No. 312 West Sixth street.

A large, well-lighted front room on the third floor of the Times Building for day at the Citrus Fair. Twenty-five cents.

Koster bakery cafe rye bread can't be beat.

Campbell's store was crowded yesterday. Sweet Redlands oranges at Althouse Bros. Have you heard Cassa's band yet?

Big bargains in curios at Campbell's. Economy by wearing Harden's shoes. Corsets fitted at the Unique.

Andrew Joughlin, the Ballona rancher, struck a good find of oil at a depth of 500 feet in his well on First street near the park yesterday.

The Los Angeles Business College will give a reception to F. W. Kelsey tonight at the college hall. A literary and musical programme will be rendered.

Walter Harris was in the Police Court yesterday for examination on a charge of robbery. The complaining witness failed to appear, however, and the case was dismissed.

Thomas Murphy was given a preliminary examination for burglary in the Police Court yesterday, and was held to answer before the Superior Court, his bail being fixed at \$2000.

A telephone alarm was turned in at 10 a.m. yesterday for a fire at No. 123 San Pedro street caused by an explosion of gasoline in the house of Mrs. I. Smith. The damage was small.

The only arrivals at the County Jail yesterday from the outside districts were George Williams of Pasadena, and Charles Fuchs of San Gabriel, each of whom was taken to that institution to serve ten-day sentences for disturbing the peace.

At a meeting of the Seventh Regiment Drum and Bugle Corps, held yesterday resolutions were adopted expressing respect for the late Frank S. Kofoid, formerly member of that organization, and extending sympathy to the bereaved family.

A horse drawing a butcher's wagon ran away yesterday morning on Flower street, Sixth street and ended up by plunging through the plate-glass window of a grocery store on Sixth and Hope streets. The horse not only smashed the window, but hurt himself so that he had to be shot.

PERSONALS.

Miss C. E. Odell has just returned from New York.

E. W. Whitton and wife of Ventura are stopping at the Nadeau.

Fred L. Smith and wife of Providence, R. I. are at the Hollenbeck.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Remillard of Oakland are among the Hollenbeck guests.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Sinclair of Racine, Wis. are quartered at the Westminster.

W. H. Pettibone, with his wife, is staying at Echo Mountain, was in the city today.

Henry R. Broad and wife of New York city are among the guests at the Westminster.

Mrs. F. F. Sanborn and Miss Frances Sanborn of Boston, Mass., are among the arrivals at the Nadeau.

Mrs. J. V. Elster of Springfield, O., is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Smith of the California Hotel, and will probably remain for several months.

Dr. J. A. de Doux was elected hospital surgeon for the French Hospital for the ensuing year, being the seventh successive year he has filled this position.

Judge B. N. Smith who has been confined to his home for the past week by an attack of the grippe was enabled to leave the house yesterday for the first time since his sickness commenced, and will, in all probability, resume his duties in a few days.

Recent arrivals at the Grand Pacific include: C. W. D. Bailey and wife, Cleveland, O.; J. M. Bailey and wife, Richmond, Va.; Mrs. E. L. Felt, Minneapolis, Minn.; D. H. Hickey, St. Paul, Minn.; Thomas C. Miller, Bakersfield, Cal.

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Arrested for Forgery.

Michael Wilson was arrested by Detective Hawley Wednesday evening for forgery. He has been operating extensively in this locality for some time past. His method has been to forge a check for \$10 or \$12, or thereabouts, and go to some store in the outlying portions of the town, where he would buy goods for a small amount and tender the check in payment, receiving cash for the balance.

EASTER opening this millinery. Of all the pretty millinery this season, Mrs. Deoch's excels. Ladies, you never saw anything like the beautiful creations in headgear. Just step in, No. 315 below Third, on Spring, where Mrs. Deoch will give you a genuine bargain on account of low expenses.

HYACINTHS, so sweet, in love with themselves. Lyons & Cobbe, No. 440 South Broadway.

COUPON.

This will entitle the bearer to one copy of "Gathered Jewels of Spring," the beautiful collection of late, choice, popular songs, with music, for 5 cents.

THE TIMES.

Times Bldg., First and Broadway.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

REAR-END COLLISION.

SUPERINTENDENT MUIR'S PRIVATE CAR SMASHED UP.

A Freight Engine Plunged into the Special at Santa Monica—The Narrow Escape of a Party.

Superintendent J. A. Muir's private car Carmelo suffered from a serious rear-end collision at Santa Monica shortly before 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The car, drawn by locomotive No. 1236 preceded the afternoon freight from the wharf and stopped at the lower depot. Through some misunderstanding of the orders the freight following, drawn by locomotive No. 1806 and with the switch engine pushing, presumably upon right-of-way, went through the tunnel at a high rate of speed in order to make the grade out of town.

The whistle signal always blown before trains enter the tunnel advised the special of its danger and it was got immediately under way, but could not attain sufficient speed to keep ahead of the heavy freight.

The passenger coach had a party of four, two ladies and two gentlemen, on board, and they from the rear windows saw their danger and ran to the front of the car.

When the trains came together the body of the car Carmelo was forced forward from its trucks and rammed the tender of the locomotive drawing it. The platform at both ends of the car were considerably shattered. The forward part of the freight engine was also considerably stove in, though the machine was not dented helplessly. Fortunately the accident had been foreseen sufficiently to prevent injury to persons. In some of the older freight cars the concussion drove the lumber and ties half through the car ends, which testifies to the force of the collision. None of the locomotives or cars, however, left the track, which was soon cleared, allowing the regular passenger train to pass on time an hour after the smash occurred. Mr. Muir was not in the car.

PRIMITIVE SOCIETY.

An interesting lecture at the Church of the Unity.

Mrs. Lou V. Chapin delivered a most interesting lecture upon "Primitive Society" last evening at the Church of the Unity. The audience was a good one and the lecture was heard with the deepest attention and hearty appreciation by all who were present. Mrs. Chapin speaks easily and fluently, uses no notes, and has the happy faculty of catching and holding the interest of her hearers from the first sentence to the last. She has evidently made a thorough study of her subject, and has a clear understanding of all its branches, as was amply proven by the masterly manner in which it was handled throughout.

The theme of the lecture was the gradual evolution of society from the chaos of the time when the world was in its infancy, up to the beginning of the higher civilization. Primitive man was removed from the brutes around him only by the possession of that spirit within him which led him to lead him upward and upward through well-nigh endless stages of development into a higher life.

First came the gradual awakening of the human genius, and the respect for the materials surrounding him for practical purpose. He made rude appliances for snaring the fish in the stream from which he drank, and learned to hunt for the means of supporting life.

One step backward in savagery was made when he discovered the use of weapons, but the invention of pottery by a woman and the gradual development of the art of making household utensils from it, brought about the partial domestication of the primitive human beings. The pottery could not be moved, so man gradually abandoned his nomadic habits, and made his home in one spot, thus taking the step from utter savagery to simple barbarism.

The use of the plow developed him into an agriculturist, and the gradual growth of the practical arts shows the progress of man in development and the material power. When the songs and traditions of a people began to be recorded the dawn of civilization was at hand. Literature was the first of the monuments of the world's progress.

Government existed always in primitive society. In savagery the gens or clan was the unit, and the individual was unknown. Marriage, such as it was, embraced the whole clan. Husbands and wives were in common. Polyandry next prevailed, then polygamy, until the gradual tendency toward individualism led to pairing.

At first only brother and sister could marry, but gradually the rule widened until marriage between clans was permissible. The savage gained his wife by force, by strategy and by purchase. The symbols of marriage today are but relics of the primitive marriage custom. The groomsmen recall the conqueror and the bride is a symbol of her slavery and the throwing of missiles after a newly-wedded pair recall the rage of the conqueror's friends and relatives in the primitive days. Property was unknown in the first stages of society. It was a later development and marked the elevation of the individual and the consequent beginning of civilization.

In the earliest criminal law the death penalty was unknown. All crimes could be commuted by a money payment, differing in degree according to the gravity of the crime. The punishment of transgression by death came with the establishment of Christianity. Religion among the savages was the result of the impressions made upon him by natural phenomena. The phases of the moon, the changing of the seasons, suggested the first dim idea of resurrection and continued life. Superstition established its hold upon the mind, and all powers were at first supposed to be evil, and with the dawn of morality, the beginning of the better religion and the civilization of today.

THE HOLY OF HOLIES.

Rev. Mr. Chapman's Lecture on the Jewish Tabernacle.

There were about four hundred people at the Immanuel Presbyterian Church last evening to hear the lecture upon the "Holy of Holies," in the course now being given by Dr. E. S. Chapman. To illustrate this series of lectures Dr. Chapman uses a small model of the holy tabernacle of the scriptures, constructed upon the scale of an inch to the foot, and perfect in detail and furnishings. This model rests upon a large, inclined platform, where it can easily be seen by the audience, and all the holy vessels, curtains, altars, candlesticks, etc., are exact miniatures of the originals.

Dr. Chapman uses these to symbolize the truths of the Christian religion, and shows throughout the close relationship between the forms of the ancient Jewish worship and the truths of our modern, Christian belief.

CAMPBELL'S COLOSSAL CURIO SALE.

Ten Thousand Dollars Worth of Curios Must Go.

Since we began our sale last Monday our store has been crowded with buyers. If you have any doubt about our intention of closing out this stock, come and see our big discounts on souvenirs and curios. Prices speak for themselves. The people of Los Angeles never had such a chance to buy nice novelties and they never will again. Tourists are getting mementos to take East for almost nothing. And they are all nice new goods. We have the finest stock ever in the West. And it is a privilege to be able to get curios from all over the West, Alaska and Mexico, in one store. It will take several weeks to close out this immense stock, but those coming first will get the cream. Remember we have over one hundred fine Indian blankets and Mexican sarapes from \$2 to \$25 each; big line of Indian moccasins and bead-work; opals, turquoise and precious stones. Finest assortment of Mexican leather goods in the city. Come and see them made by Senor Cervantes. Campbell's Curio Store, No. 325 South Spring.

Why does everybody want F. E. Brown's furnaces? Let any one of the 300 using them answer.

VISITORS are enthusiastic over the fine entertainment, beautiful lake and scenery, at Royer & Traphagen's Elsinore Resort. The staunch little steamer makes regular trips every morning. The hot mineral water and mud baths and general conditions make this the most charming spot in California for invalids or the pleasure-seeker. Special rates of one and one-third fare for round-trip. Purchase ticket one way and take receipt, present receipt to Royer & Traphagen and return ticket will be furnished on payment of one-third fare. Royer & Traphagen.

Dr. Edward J. Hadfield, Physician and surgeon, 210-211 Broadway, Tel. 123. Residence, 523 Olive, Tel. 1163.

FOR a good table claret try our Sonoma Zinfandel, 50c per gallon. T. Vago & Co., Commercial and Alameda, Tel. 230.

WALL-PAPER, cut rates. Chicago, No. 328 South Spring.

DEATH RECORD.

BOWER—March 7, 1895, at Balmbridge, Ga., Mrs. A. D. Bower, at the age of 72 years, the mother of Hon. E. C. Bower of this city. SPAIN—in this city, March 7, 1895, Mrs. A. F. Spain.

DIED.

HUBBELL—in this city, March 5, 1895, Mrs. Helen Mar Hubbell, widow of the late Sardinia F. Hubbell of Howell, Livingston county, Mich., aged 69 years 9 months and 21 days. Funeral Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock from the funeral parlors of C. D. Howry, Fifth and Broadway. Friends invited to attend. Interment private.

A man with half an eye can see that this blood is out of order and in a moment can set the letters in position, but it takes a skilled specialist to put in order the impure blood found circulating through the body and causing the various organs of the human body.

Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or Exhaustion, Early Decay, Lack of Vigor and Strength, all disorders and debilities caused by toxic application to business or study, severe mental strain or grief, quickly and thoroughly cured. Special attention given to this neglected class of diseases.

WOMEN devoted exclusively to the treatment of the alarmingly prevalent diseases of the female system. Guaranteed entire privacy and the most skillful treatment.

CATARH curing more cases of catarrh than all the rest of the catarrh specialists. Cure guaranteed.

HEART AND LUNGS. Microscopic analysis and treatment by the latest methods.

Examination Free.

Call and talk with us, don't be discouraged; we cure thousands of cases when others have failed.

Los Angeles MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE.

341 SOUTH MAIN STREET. Office hours 10 to 5 P. M. Sundays 10 to 12 Rooms 1, 3 & 5. 7. CALLS made in all parts of the city.

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THE TIMES.

Times Bldg., First and Broadway.

A. HAMBURGER & SONS.

Silks

New figured India Silks, 24 inches wide, choice designs only. **45c**

New fancy changeable Surah Silks in stripes, beautiful for waists, only. **65c**

New Taffeta Waisting Silks, entirely new and choice patterns a dozen sorts, only. **75c**

New Wash Goods.

New Mohair Suitings, crepe effects and checks, choice street shades, only. **20c**

New Wool Suitings, loosely woven, rough effects, very desirable colorings, only. **25c**

New Surah Serges, 38 inches broad, all-wool, complete line of latest colors, only. **35c**

Brilliant Opening Display.

New Wool Suitings, fine twill, smooth surface, mingled colors, 40 inches broad, extremely neat, only. **50c**

New Surah Serges, excellent weight, 46 inches broad, all the leading colors, only. **50c**

New Silk and Wool Suitings, beautiful semi-checks and mixtures, only. **60c**

New Silk and wool Suitings, checks, Broches and Persian effects, only. **75c**

New English Checks, beautiful colorings, elegant quality, 48 inches broad, only. **\$1.00**

'95's Spring Styles.

With a chain of resources knocking at the door of every dress goods maker and trader of any prominence in America, with a capacity of distribution unapproached on the Pacific Coast, we are enabled to direct your attention this morning to by far the largest and most brilliant Silk and Dress Goods display in the West. The prices will be found to be fully one-fourth lower than for like qualities last year—in many cases they are even one-third less.

Mail Orders Filled.

Lowest Prices in Los Angeles.

Send For Samples

Silks

New Scotch Plaid Surahs, 44 inches wide, historical class designs, only. **\$1.00**

New fancy Taffeta Silks, pretty combined hair line and Persian stripes, only. **\$1.00**

New black Novelty Silks, dainty brocade grounds, only. **\$1.00**

Silks

New Black Lyons dye Japanese Silk, 38 inches wide, only. **\$1.00**

New Black Taffeta Skirting Silk, elegant quality, 38 inches broad, only. **\$1.00**

New Black Satin Rhad, same superb quality, 24 inches wide, only. **\$1.00**

A. HAMBURGER & SONS.

The well known

EMINENT EUROPEAN SPECIALIST

C. I. SCHULTZ,

Permanently located at

120 N. Main st. Hellman blk.,

Where he designs to cure and treat all medical and surgical diseases. DISORDERS of all MUCOUS MEMBRANES, catarrh, inflammation, sore throat, etc., indigestion, catarrh of the stomach, bronchitis, asthma, hay fever, etc., speedily cured by a new system of inhalation of compound medicated vapors.

Rupture, Cancer

In all forms cured without the use of a knife or any detention from business.

Weakness, Debility, etc.,

Restored by a new remedy in a short time.

Skin Diseases,

Scrofula, Pimples, Erysipelas, Pemphigus, Psoriasis, Old Ulcers, etc., promptly eradicated without the use of mercury.

Special attention

Given to all chronic DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Liver, Kidney and Bladder Diseases

Permanently cured, no matter what your case is or how failed to cure you, or how long standing, the well-known specialist will cure you. He has taken under his new remedies which fail to cure, CHARGES LOW. Consultation free.

E. L. DOHENY, Manager.

GEO. J. OWENS, Supt.

Doheny, Connon & Owens Oil Co.,

Fuel Oil.

In any quantity at market prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. Our oil contains no Benzine, naphtha or other dangerous explosives. We furnish—

Mexico-Zobelin Brewery, Los Angeles

Cold Storage Co., Cudahy Packing Co., and many other consumers, to whom we refer. Can be burned with any style of burner.

Telephone 1472. Wells and office, Cor. Douglas and West State Streets

Dr. Wong's SANITARIUM

NERVOUS and CHRONIC DISEASES quickly cured without the use of poisons. Four thousand cures. Two years in Los Angeles. In San Diego, Sundays and Mon days. In Los Angeles, Tuesday after 3 p.m. and Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Sat urday mornings.

DR. WONG.

718 S. Main st., Los Angeles.

E. C. Truesdell, D.D.S.

Artificial Teeth a Specialty.

Difficult and irregular cases solicited. Gold and porcelain crowns and bridge work.

Fine Gold Fillings.

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